

**COMMENT OF THE DAY**

**W. New Guinea**

A SPIRIT of co-operation and amenity can sometimes backfire. It has done so in the face of the Dutch who now find themselves in the United Nations arguing with the Indonesians over the sovereignty of Western New Guinea. No doubt the Netherlands were actuated by motives of goodwill when they signed away their Indonesian territories in the hope that the Netherlands-Indonesian Union would be beneficial to both nations. It was a forlorn hope. The Union was destroyed and Western New Guinea is now presented to the world as the hurdle which must be cleared before there can be any further understanding. The Indonesian claim to the country is based on the first article in the Charter of Transfer which reads: "The Kingdom of the Netherlands unconditionally and irrevocably transfers complete sovereignty over Indonesia to the Republic of the United States of Indonesia and thereby recognises the said Republic of the United States of Indonesia as an independent and sovereign state." At first sight the claim seems justified, but the article must be read with the one following and not isolated from it as the Indonesians have done to substantiate their argument.

THE second article states in part: "...in view of the fact that it has not yet been possible to reconcile the views of the parties on New Guinea, which remain therefore in dispute..." It should be quite obvious from the foregoing that New Guinea was a separate case and was not included in transfer. In quest of amenity and to safeguard their substantial investments in Indonesia the Dutch agreed to discuss the "disputed" territory. The conference ended in failure—the Indonesians demanding advance recognition of their claim. The Indonesian representative at the United Nations says that it is now a world problem, that there is a national movement afoot and consequently there is no peace in New Guinea. So far he has been unable to produce any evidence and is forced to rely on generalities. The Indonesian Foreign Minister has gone to the extent of stating that any United Nations support for the Netherlands position would tend to disturb the atmosphere in Southeast Asia. These are hardly the words of a nation seeking peace and agreement, and more like the mouthings of an adolescent ready to be belligerent if its demands are not granted—in fact they amount to a direct threat.

**The Inside Story Of INTERPOL**

Another new top-line feature begins in the China Mail tomorrow. It is the full inside story of INTERPOL, the international Police organisation that stretches round the globe.

This fascinating series tells you how this little publicised organisation works, how it tracks down the international dope traffickers, white slavers and other racketeers. The author, A. J. Forrest, had the full co-operation of the authorities in writing these articles.

In presenting this new feature to you, The China Mail is maintaining its policy of giving you the inside story of the world.

Nancy Spain gives you another exciting episode in the life of the FABULOUS LADY—Gertrude Lawrence. This week you will read of Gertrude's hard times in America's depression years and how Noel Coward comes to her rescue.

The World's Strangest Story this Saturday is about the Army's top surgeon, Dr. James Barry—**THE INSPECTOR GENERAL A WOMAN!**

Sir Beverley Baxter attends the unveiling of a plaque in the Street—commemorating Oscar Wilde. Read Sir Beverley's reflections on Wilde's fall, how society treated him and how he is honoured today.

William Hickey goes on a trip in his personal time machine. There are also these week-end features:

- Jacqueline's Gilted Low picture from Home and a Hong Kong pictorial record of the week.
- Film and book reviews, and all the winners for Happy Valley tomorrow—all in this Saturday's Mail.
- Don't miss the China Mail's special feature when we are publishing a number of special features to mark the 50th birthday of one of the greatest figures in British history—**SIR WINSTON CHURCHILL**.

**NEW CHARGES AGAINST HK GOODS**

**Mr Grimwood Rebukes UK Standards Official**  
**FANTASTIC "MADE IN JAPAN" ALLEGATIONS REFUTED**

From Our Own Correspondent

London, Nov. 25.

The Director of the Hongkong Government Office in London, Mr E. G. A. Grimwood today delivered a sharp rebuke to the Secretary of the British Retail Trading Standards Association, Mr Roger Diplock who said today: "There seems little or no doubt that the bulk of merchandise coming from Hongkong is Japanese."

Mr Grimwood described the allegations as "Nonsense". Mr Diplock said in a letter to The Times of London: "Japanese goods masquerade as Hongkong products to benefit in one way or another from passing through the Colony." He alleged Hongkong goods were being increasingly associated with "piracy of design and other reprehensible practices such as misrepresentation."

Mr Diplock called for a Government inquiry.

Mr Grimwood made the following reply: "Given the Colony's undoubted ability to provide keen competition for United Kingdom products, we must expect a climate of opinion eager to discover the facts which, when scrutinised objectively, are seen to be a combination of half truth, wishful thinking and prejudice," he said.

The facts showed that unfair trade practices by Hongkong manufacturers were relatively few. Hongkong had some 2,000 registered factories, employing 100,000 workers and there had been only about ten reported cases of design copying or misrepresentation in the last five years.

**NOT FROM JAPAN**

"It can be confidently stated—and supported by voluminous documentary evidence in possession of Her Majesty's Commissioners of Customs and Excise—that no article shipped from Hongkong as locally manufactured and imported into the United Kingdom under claim of Imperial Preference has originated in Japan or elsewhere," Mr Grimwood said.

He pointed out that as far as he knew in no case had an infringement occurred where trade marks, designs or patents had been registered in Hongkong. He therefore urged British manufacturers to protect their marks and patents by registering them in the Colony.

When this was done, he said, an opportunity was provided in the event of an infringement for prosecution in the local Courts. Assisted by a large influx of industrious Chinese with capital and initiative, the Colony had developed tremendously since the reoccupation, he said.

At the same time she will spend £25 million on British products.

**REFUGEE PROBLEM**

"She has per capita the biggest refugee problem in the world and the maintenance of a high level of employment is vital. Unjustified hostility can only aggravate her problems and, in the same measure, damage an excellent market for British producers."

Mr Diplock's letter has also drawn an angry retort from Sir Arthur Morse.

"It is entirely wrong. No place is perfect," Sir Arthur said, "and there may be some justification for complaints in particular cases. But Mr Diplock's generalisations and, in particular, his statement that the bulk of the goods from Hongkong are really Japanese are totally and absolutely unjustified."

"I know from personal experience that when complaints of unfair trade practices by Hongkong manufacturers are investigated on the spot they are almost invariably found to be without real foundation," Sir Arthur added.

**Diplock Challenged To Come Here**

Mr Roger Diplock was challenged "to come to Hongkong and prove his point" by Colonel J. D. Clague, leader of the recent British Industries Fair, this morning.

Colonel Clague, interviewed by the China Mail, said in answer to Mr Diplock's letter published in the London Times yesterday, that he was sure the "Hongkong Government manufacturers and merchants would welcome any impartial inquiry into the Colony's manufacturing activities."

During his visit to the United Kingdom recently, Colonel Clague said that he was "amazed" at the ignorance of buyers concerning Hongkong's ability to produce quality goods.

"I was astounded when, on a visit to Manchester, I found that many responsible individuals really did believe that Hongkong is incapable of itself producing cloth which was reaching Manchester at the time," he said.

He said that he was "extremely surprised" to read that Mr Roger Diplock should be "so utterly ignorant of the situation" as to suggest that there "seems little or no doubt that the bulk of merchandise coming from Hongkong is Japanese."

"This plainly is utterly untrue. I suggest that Mr Diplock be challenged to come to Hongkong to prove his point," declared Colonel Clague.

**INCREASING FAVOUR**

He went on to say that one realises that Hongkong products are gaining increasing favour in the United Kingdom, and that doubt we must expect criticism from those whose business has suffered as a result.

"It is regrettable, however, that such ill-informed statements should be made by people in responsible positions."

**POSSIBLY A GOOD THING**

"This is exactly the kind of reaction they (U.K. manufacturers) want."

"However, all this publicity might be a good thing for us. Since one allegation in which it was stated that some gloves imported into the U.K. could not have been made in Hongkong was proved false, orders for these were more than doubled."

**ANGUS'S STATEMENT**

Mr H. A. Angus, Director of Commerce and Industry, stated that Mr E. G. A. Grimwood's reply to the allegations was "totally correct." He also revealed that a telegram had been received from Mr Grimwood stating that a letter answering Mr Diplock's charges, if sent, will be published in the London Times tomorrow.

**DUKE MAKES COPTER FLIGHT FROM PALACE**

The Duke of Edinburgh flew by helicopter through thick clouds and heavy rain from Buckingham Palace, London, today to watch the 1st Battalion of the Welsh Regiment in training in the Welsh mountains.

The Duke, who is Colonel in Chief of the Regiment, splashed through rain and mud without an overcoat while he toured the summit of Moel-y-nant, near Llanidloes.

**Hutton Says "We'll Field!"**



**Slow Start By Australia**

Brisbane, Nov. 26.  
The English Test Captain, Len Hutton, won the toss in the first Test match against Australia today—and decided to field.

In the long history of Test matches this has seldom been done.

But Len Hutton must have studied the Brisbane cricket ground thoroughly, and the quality of the pitch to take this unusual step. He must have weighed the pros and cons of the weather, and the state of the pitch before he elected to field.

**EVANS ILL**

Godfrey Evans the England wicket-keeper fell ill with a temperature and was unable to play. His place was taken by the young Keith Andrew who gave a good performance recently against Queensland.

In bright sunny weather Len Hutton and Arthur Morris opened the innings for the Australians on a good pitch. England started their attack with Bedser at one end and Statham at the other.

The Australian opening pair was forced on to the defence. In the first ten minutes only one run was scored.

For the first half hour, only eight runs were scored and their first fifty runs came in 74 minutes.

**BEAUTIFULLY CAUGHT**

At the opening pair was separated when Fawell attempted a stroke to the square leg and was beautifully caught by Cowdrey inches from the ground off Statham's bowling.

Then Keith Miller joined Morris. Miller was batting very well. He and Morris together brought the century in 141 minutes.

Australia First Innings: Fawell b Bailey ..... 49  
Miller b Bailey ..... 52  
Morris n.o. .... 8  
Harvey n.o. .... 8  
Extras ..... 10  
Two wickets for 142 at Tea.

**No Birthday Present For Churchill**

—From Bevanite MP

London, Nov. 25.  
Mrs Barbara Castle, Labour member of Parliament and a supporter of left-winger Arthur Bevan, said tonight she had cancelled her subscription to Sir Winston Churchill's 80th birthday fund because of his statement that in 1943 he had been prepared in an emergency to rearm the defeated Germans.

She said that if the Prime Minister had made his revelation earlier, Mrs Bevan would not have put her signature in the Birthday Book.

"I signed in tribute to his war leadership and to his expressed desire to work for peace today," she said at a political meeting.

"It is too late to withdraw my signature but I have cancelled my subscription to this Birthday Fund because I do not desire to pay tribute to a man who now reveals he was prepared to rearm the Nazi soldiers against our own people," Mrs Bevan said.

**More British A-Tests Soon? U.K. ATOM MEN GOING TO AUSTRALIA**

London, Nov. 25.  
A small party of British officials has left for Australia for consultations on the possibility of holding future atomic weapons trials in Australia, the Ministry of Supply announced today.

The announcement said the British party was led by Mr J. M. Wilson, Under-Secretary at the Ministry of Supply.

There have been three atomic explosions in Australia.

The first was in October 1953 in the remote Monte Bello islands off the West Australian coast.

**Two Explosions**

In October last year there were two explosions of atomic weapons at Emu Field on the Western rocket range in South Australia.

Two weeks after the Monte Bello explosion Sir Winston Churchill, Prime Minister, said it was to investigate the effect of an atomic explosion in the 1,450-ton frigate HMS Plym and the ship was "explosion-proofed."

The weapon tested then was "a marked advance" over the bombs dropped on the Japanese cities of Hiroshima and Nagasaki.

**The Times' View**

The Times Science Correspondent writes: In relation to the 50 or so nuclear test explosions which have been undertaken by the Americans it is hardly surprising that Britain should wish to add to its earlier tests.

Uranium 235 as well as plutonium is now in production in Britain and it would be a minimum programme for defence that test explosions should be undertaken with both materials. There are also many possibilities for variation in the tactical form of weapon tested. The present proposals do not extend to thermobaric explosions—Reuter and The Times News Service (Copyright).

**Gales And Floods Hit Western England Again**

London, Nov. 25.  
Torrential rain flooded many parts of Western England today and gale warnings were in force tonight for sea areas around the British Isles.

Nearly 50 main roads were reported under water tonight. Motor traffic in Somerset and Gloucestershire was halted by poor visibility in the driving rain.

In Devon, where several roads are impassable, an Automobile Association spokesman described the floods as the worst since the Lynmouth flood disaster.

**WARNING FLAGS**

For three days A.A. patrols have been on duty putting up warning flags and red lights to indicate dangerous flooded roads.

Houses in Honiton (Devon) were inundated when rain flooded a stream running under the town.

South-westerly gusts reaching 60 miles an hour prevented relief reaching to Orkney light houses for the third day running.—Reuter.

**Peking Accused Of 'Barbarism'**

United Nations, Nov. 25.  
The United States today accused Communist China of "a new act of barbarism" in sentencing 13 Americans to varying jail terms on "spy" charges.

The United States Ambassador Mr Henry Cabot Lodge Jr., said that the Chinese Communist action "adds still another item to the long list of reasons why the unspeakable gang in Peking is unfit to sit in the United Nations."

"The Chinese Communist sentencing of 13 Americans on false charges is a new act of barbarism which has rightly aroused indignation not only among the American people but all over the free world. It compounds the original crime of detaining these Americans in flagrant violation of the Korean Armistice Agreement," he added.—United Press.

**Nazi Arms Disposed Of By 1948—F.O.**

London, Nov. 25.  
The Nazi arms that Sir Winston Churchill ordered to be stacked at the end of the war were disposed of by 1948, a Foreign Office spokesman said tonight.

Some were destroyed, some thrown into the sea. Others were appropriated by the Western Occupation forces or delivered to member states of the United Nations.

The spokesman added that some items listed as war material—but believed to be mainly property such as deposits and "warships"—were utilised for the German civilian economy.

Sir Winston Churchill, on the eve of his 80th birthday, was involved in a storm of criticism following his disclosure of public speech two days ago that in 1946 he had proposed for a post-war Germany a "four big guns" policy.

**Life's A Rush But Babilba's Always Beaming!**

By A Staff Reporter

Beaming Babilba Blandville is a busy man these days.

By day this plump Filipino totes his rifle at camp with the Hongkong Regiment. But the order to fall out at 6 p.m. comes just soon enough for him to jump the first transport back to Hongkong, eat, change, and scramble onto the platform of the Plaza Ballroom where he plays the sax-clarinet till the early hours of the morning.

Then he is up again at 7, still plump, still beaming, to rush for the first transport back to camp—where he plays in the Regiment's military band.

**"Not Informed"**

**Big 3 Envoys Miss Ceremony For Vyshinsky**

Moscow, Nov. 25.  
Representatives of the United States, Great Britain and France were missing today as members of diplomatic corps in the Soviet Union paid last respects to the body of Mr Andrei Vyshinsky, late head of the Soviet United Nations delegation.

It was reported in diplomatic circles that the failure of representatives from these countries to attend was due to the fact that they had not been informed.

The diplomats assembled before the palace where the body of Mr Vyshinsky lay in state at 1700 hours local time.

Some—including Indian Ambassador, Krishna Menon, took five-minute turns as honour guards. The diplomats were led today by Burmese Ambassador, Maung Ghu, who issued invitations for the event.

The body of Mr Vyshinsky, who died last night and the urn containing the ashes has been placed in the Hall of Columns of the Trade Union House in Moscow, the Soviet news agency Tass reported early this morning.

The agency said that the funeral of Mr Vyshinsky would take place in the Red Square at 3 p.m. local time in Moscow today.—France-Press.

**"This is Hong Kong"**  
**THE MOST COMPREHENSIVE Picture Record OF HONG KONG EVER PUBLISHED**

Depicting Waterfront Scenes, City Scenes, Urban Scenes, Harbour Scenes, Architecture, Churches, University Buildings, Markets, Features, Chinese Ceremonies, Shipbuilding, Factories, People at Work, People at Play, Arts and Crafts, Sporting Activities, Character Studies, Child Welfare, Chinese New Year Scenes, The Colony by Night, Pageantry, Hong Kong a Hundred Years Ago, in all, over

**300 Photographs**

Finely Reproduced on Art Paper

POPULAR PRICE

**\$8.50**

Published by  
**SOUTH CHINA MORNING POST, LTD**  
HONG KONG



**KING'S PRINCESS**  
 AT 2.30, 5.15, 7.20 & 9.30 P.M. AT 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.  
**COMMENCING TO-DAY**  
**TANGANYIKA** LAND OF THE HUNTER AND THE HUNTED  
 ...where love was the prize in the most dangerous game of all!  
 Starring **VAN HEFLIN** · **RUTH ROMAN** · **HOWARD DUFF**  
 with **JEFF MORROW** · **JOE CONRAD** · A Universal International Picture

**CAPITOL LIBERTY**  
 TO-DAY AT 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.  
 ON PANORAMIC SCREEN  
 M-G-M'S ABSORBING DRAMA  
**GREER GARSON**  
**ROBERT RYAN**  
**HER TWELVE MEN**  
 With **BARRY SULLIVAN**  
 To the Gallery of Great Garson Performances add this new M-G-M hit!  
 With Perspecta Stereophonic Sound

**LEE GREAT WORLD**  
 TO-DAY AT 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.  
 A CHINESE PICTURE  
**BEYOND THE GRAVE**  
 DIALOGUE IN MANDARIN with ENGLISH SUBTITLES  
 Added at LEE THEATRE only  
 Fresh Soccer News  
**WOLVES vs. SPARTAK**

**ROXY BROADWAY**  
 NOW SHOWING ★ 9TH DAY!  
 Owing to length of picture please note change of times:  
 AT 2.30, 5.20, 7.30 & 9.40 P.M.

**CINEMASCOPE**  
 Hear **NAT KING COLE** sing his new hit "Hillbilly"!  
**The Adventures of HAJJI BABA**  
 In the Wonder of High-Fidelity STEREOPHONIC SOUND  
 Starring **John Derek** · **Elaine Stewart** · **Thomas Gomez**  
**ADDED ATTRACTION:** Cinemascope Short Subject "HIGHLIGHTS OF THE BRITISH EMPIRE & COMMONWEALTH GAMES" In Technicolor.

**ORIENTAL MAJESTIC**  
 AIR CONDITIONED  
 SHOWING TO-DAY: 2.30—5.30—7.30 & 9.30 P.M.  
 ON OUR GIANT WIDE SCREEN!  
 A VERY INTERESTING CHINESE FILM IN MANDARIN DIALOGUE, WITH POPULAR STARS IN THE CAST!

**IT BLOSSOMS AGAIN**  
 花 香 國  
 The set, lighting, and costumes especially fitting were excellent. Note: If you are depressed, have no overdraft, or just feeling blue, this is what the doctor ordered.

# DOMINICI SAYS CLOVIS HID MURDER GUN

## Family Suspects Communist Boss Of Crime UPROAR IN COURT

Digne, Nov. 25. Mountaineer Gaston Dominici today accused his eldest son Clovis of having hidden the Drummond murder weapon and members of Gaston's family said they suspected a former local Communist boss of having committed the crime.

Dominici told the court trying him in the murder of British nutrition expert Sir Jack Drummond, his wife and 11-year-old daughter that Clovis hid the American carbine in the shed of the farm in the spot where Clovis told police he had seen it once before.

Gaston's daughter, Augustine Caillat, and her husband Clement said they both suspected Paul Maillet, former Communist cell leader of the murder, and added that Clovis had told him he suspected Maillet, too.

The accusations came as Clovis, the only member of the Dominici family who still lives in the area, was confronted with his 47-year-old sister.

"CLOVIS WAS LYING" Augustine shouted that Clovis was lying when he said the murder weapon belonged to the Dominici farm.

"Clovis told us on November 1952, he suspected Paul Maillet," she said. "And the more he said it the more I believed it. My father is innocent."

Clovis was called back to the bar. "You must explain yourself in front of everyone and say why you are accusing our father," Augustine cried, her voice shaking with anger.

"Because it's the truth," said Clovis.

"No, it is not," said Augustine. "Father has always told the truth. It's you who are lying. You never saw the gun."

"Yes, I did," said Clovis. "I saw it twice."

**GASTON WATCHES**  
 Gaston watched this violent clash between his children with his mouth twitching and anger flaring in his eyes.

"You have in front of you the saddest and the most lying of all witnesses," Gaston said. "And the most cowardly," said Augustine.

Augustine's husband, Clement, began his testimony by saying both Gustave and Gaston were innocent.

"I demand that Clovis comes here with me," he told the Judge. "I want to ask him whether it is not true that he told me that he had never seen the gun at the Dominici farm and that at one time he suspected Maillet."

When Clovis was recalled, Caillat grabbed him by the lapel of his jacket.

"You must now tell me the truth," he shouted.

The Judge ordered Caillat to keep calm.

**CAILLAT FUMING**  
 Clovis said again that he had seen the carbine on the farm on at least two occasions. Caillat left the bar, fuming that "You think we are liars and that Clovis is the only one who does not lie."

There was a colourful interval when the Judges and lawyers in their flowing robes went out into the courtyard of the court to examine a replica of the Drummond's Hillman car.

Old Dominici was led out between two policemen, handcuffed by the left wrist to one of them.

He wore a long brown overcoat, and grey felt hat.

The reason for the examination was to establish whether the bumper of the car could have caused an injury to Sir Jack Drummond's hand.

**HEAVY BLOWS**  
 Much to the amazement of the spectators, lawyer Claude Delorme attempted several times to cut his hand on the back bumper, by giving the bumper a number of heavy blows, which were obviously painful.

After he had failed to cut his hand, defence lawyer Emil Pollock said the bumper of the car shown, was different from those on the car the Drummonds had.—United Press.

They arrive, Sir Michael (Brian Steven) fine old English gentleman, Jan, a Polish musician (Gerry Barnett), and Dominique (Peter van Vliet) a cad who makes hay while the moon shines. Their children, Walter (Kitty Luke), Martine (Anne Denison), and Bruno (Alan Wright) are delighted to see their father, and from this there is plenty of room for fun, and the players got the most out of it.

The casting was particularly good in the choice of the three fathers, but the children did not respond as well as they might have done, but Vi Dekker found the part made for her. Joelle Martel, as Madame Darvel, made one wish to marry into the family if only to have her for a mother-in-law.

Quiet Edwards (Bill Phillips) was just the character to get his feet under the table; it was all so silly but very funny. Other parts were taken by Joan Phillips, the Maid, and Michael Bailey, and Wilma Watson, children of Madame Duchemin.

The third reason for success was careful rehearsing, a little too much, perhaps, for the opening moments were stilted, and the actors were a little frozen. Nancy O'Connell and the whole cast are to be congratulated on a really good production of a really good comedy.

The set, lighting, and costumes especially fitting were excellent. Note: If you are depressed, have no overdraft, or just feeling blue, this is what the doctor ordered.

—John Luff



Marlon Brando, (right) receiving the "Prize Francesco Pasinetti," awarded for his performance in the film "On the Waterfront" from Domenico Meccali, at the Cinema Flamma in Rome.—Express Photo.

# Colombo Plan A Base Against Encroachment

Washington, Nov. 25. Senator Mike Mansfield (Democrat, Montana) today suggested the 16-nation Colombo Plan as a "natural" base from which to launch a fresh attack on the problem of building economic strength in Asia as a bulwark against Communist encroachment.

Early this week, Mr. Harold E. Staessen, chief of the Foreign Operations Administration, suggested a new foreign aid programme in which European countries would join with the United States in economic aid to Asian countries.

**MARSHALL PLAN**  
 In addition a study of foreign economic policy was under way at the White House under the guidance of Mr. Joseph M. Dodge, former director of the budget.

Senator Mansfield, who helped to draw up the Southeast Asia Defence Treaty at Manila last summer, is a recognized Congressional specialist on that part of the world. He said he

did not think Congress would accept any such ambitious plan for Asia as the old European Marshall Plan despite what he called a "basic recognition" that non-Communist nations of Asia must be economically fortified.

"A Marshall Plan would not be feasible in Asia and it would cost far too much," he said.

He said he would favour an economic aid programme costing the United States from \$100 million to \$500 million for the next two years "with the emphasis on the smaller figure".

Britain, France and Commonwealth nations should make the "principal" contribution, he said.

"We must go into this with other nations and not by ourselves," he said.—Reuter.

**RITZ** SHOWING TO-DAY  
 AT 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.  
 She slept in his bed...wore his pajamas THEN SHE REALLY TOOK OVER!  
**DICK POWELL · DEBBIE REYNOLDS**  
**"Susan Slept Here"**  
 starring **ANNE FRANCIS** · **Technicolor**

**QUEEN'S & ALHAMBRA**  
 2.30, 5.15, 7.20 & 9.30 P.M. 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.  
 ★ SHOWING TO-DAY ★  
**DANNY KAYE**  
**Inspector General**  
 WARNER BROS. All-Time Comedy Kays! **Technicolor**

**EMPIRE**  
 DAILY AT 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.  
**OPENS TO-DAY**

**THE BIGGEST FRENCH FILM YET MADE!**  
 SPECTACULAR ROMANCE, ADVENTURE AND SCANDALS GALORE!  
**LUCECE BORGIA**  
 STARRING **MARTINE CAROL**  
**PEDRO ARMENDARIZ**  
 WITH ENGLISH SUBTITLES  
 Made by **TECHNICOLOR**  
 Distributed by United Artists

**HOOVER** NOW SHOWING  
 AT 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.  
 CAUSEWAY BAY TEL. 72371

**"BURNING ARROWS"**  
 PATHE COLOR  
 STARRING **ANTHONY DEXTER-LAWRANCE**  
 with **Alan Hale, Jr.** · **Robert Clarke** · **Shari Randall**  
**James Seay** · **Philip Van Zandt** · **Shepard Menken**  
 Directed by **ALFRED WEISBERG**  
 Produced by **ALFRED WEISBERG** and **JACK POLLOCK**  
 Screenplay by **ALFRED WEISBERG** and **JACK POLLOCK**  
 Released by **UNITED ARTISTS**

**HARRY ODELL**  
 takes pride in announcing  
**TWO PIANO RECITALS**  
 by  
**JULIUS KATCHEN**

at the **EMPIRE THEATRE** at 9.30 p.m.  
 on **Wednesday and Thursday, 5th & 6th January, 1955.**

Under the Distinguished Patronage of  
**H.E. Sir Alexander Grantham, G.C.M.G.**  
 For further particulars apply to  
**INTERNATIONAL FILMS, LTD.**  
 107, Holland House — Telephone 21832

**POP**  
 DO YOU MEAN TO TELL ME THAT ROBIN'S GONE TO WASH WITHOUT BEING COOKED?  
 YES, HE'S GROWING UP FAST!  
 THAT'S A GOOD BOY! NEVER LET A WEEK GO BY WITHOUT WASHING YOUR NECK!  
**NO SOAP!**  
**SNOW-CEM**  
 Waterproof Cement Paint  
**GREEN ISLAND**  
 CHARTERED COAST GUARD



# FANATICS TO BE SUPPRESSED



LORD READING

## Conference Would Not Settle Problems

London, Nov. 25. The Marquess of Reading, Minister of State at the British Foreign Office, said tonight he doubted whether "any one monster conference would settle the world's problems."

Lord Reading, who was addressing a dinner of the American Society held in honour of Thanksgiving Day, said these problems could best be dealt with one by one by patient negotiation.

"In the course of this year alone that policy has surely paid dividends upon which no one would wish to impose a limitation," he said.

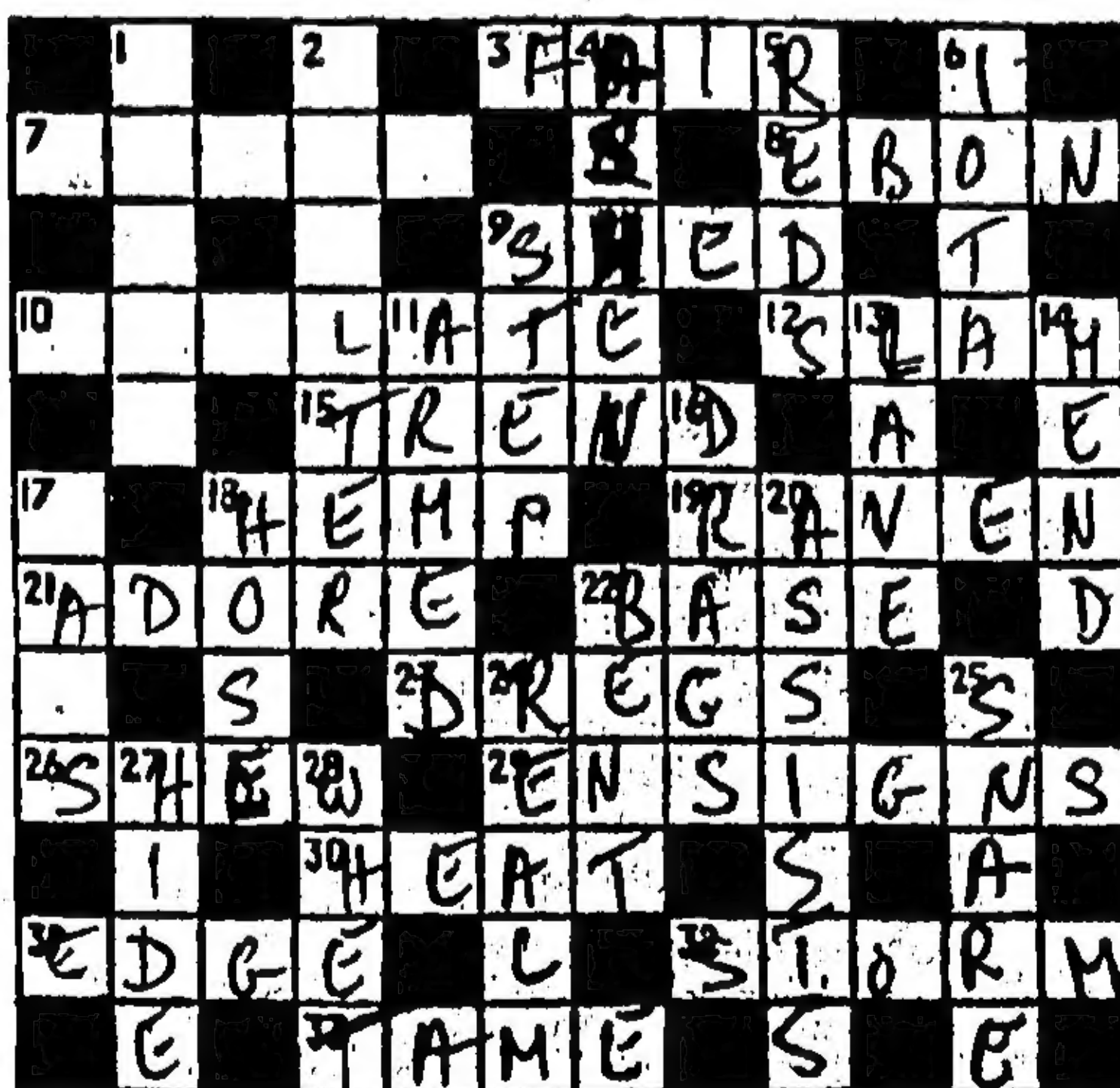
Lord Reading listed the Geneva, Manila, London and Paris conferences and the Persia, Suez Canal and Trieste settlements as "solid gains" to which both Britain and the United States had contributed.

Lord Reading called for the greater interchange of visitors between Britain and America to help remove any existing misapprehensions.

Acknowledging American post-war aid to Britain, he said Britain always knew that "the object was not to make us dependent but to make us independent as swiftly and effectively as possible. I hope and believe we have used our opportunities to advantage."

Referring to the Queen Mother's recent visit to the United States, he said: "Your country has been visited by a most gracious and charming Royal Lady who has long since enchanted us all and who seems by every account to have made herself almost overnight as beloved a figure in your country as she is in our own. We rejoice to have her safely back amongst us but we do not grudge you the loan even of so precious a possession."—Reuter.

## A British Crossword Puzzle



- ACROSS
- Impartial (4).
  - Power (5).
  - Black (4).
  - Outhouse (4).
  - Flatter (7).
  - Range (4).
  - Tendency (5).
  - Repeal (4).
  - Bird (5).
  - Worship (5).
  - Foundation (4).
  - Leas (5).
  - Dislike (4).
  - Flags (7).
  - Warmth (4).
  - Border (5).
  - Tempest (5).
  - Uninteresting (4).
- DOWN
- Diaz (5).
  - Protection (7).
  - Pole (3).
  - Communists (4).
  - Jot (4).
  - Pace (4).
  - Equipped (5).
  - Wash (4).
  - Repair (4).
  - Pulls along (5).
  - Experts (colloq.) (4).
  - Stockings (4).
  - Hoops (7).
  - Crooked (4).
  - Territory (5).
  - Trap (5).
  - Coastal (4).
  - Shannon (4).

YESTERDAY'S CROSSWORD: Across 1, Satchel; 2, Satchel; 3, Satchel; 4, Satchel; 5, Satchel; 6, Satchel; 7, Satchel; 8, Satchel; 9, Satchel; 10, Satchel; 11, Satchel; 12, Satchel; 13, Satchel; 14, Satchel; 15, Satchel; 16, Satchel; 17, Satchel; 18, Satchel; 19, Satchel; 20, Satchel; 21, Satchel; 22, Satchel; 23, Satchel; 24, Satchel; 25, Satchel; 26, Satchel; 27, Satchel; 28, Satchel; 29, Satchel; 30, Satchel; 31, Satchel; 32, Satchel; 33, Satchel; 34, Satchel; 35, Satchel; 36, Satchel; 37, Satchel; 38, Satchel; 39, Satchel; 40, Satchel; 41, Satchel; 42, Satchel; 43, Satchel; 44, Satchel; 45, Satchel; 46, Satchel; 47, Satchel; 48, Satchel; 49, Satchel; 50, Satchel; 51, Satchel; 52, Satchel; 53, Satchel; 54, Satchel; 55, Satchel; 56, Satchel; 57, Satchel; 58, Satchel; 59, Satchel; 60, Satchel; 61, Satchel; 62, Satchel; 63, Satchel; 64, Satchel; 65, Satchel; 66, Satchel; 67, Satchel; 68, Satchel; 69, Satchel; 70, Satchel; 71, Satchel; 72, Satchel; 73, Satchel; 74, Satchel; 75, Satchel; 76, Satchel; 77, Satchel; 78, Satchel; 79, Satchel; 80, Satchel; 81, Satchel; 82, Satchel; 83, Satchel; 84, Satchel; 85, Satchel; 86, Satchel; 87, Satchel; 88, Satchel; 89, Satchel; 90, Satchel; 91, Satchel; 92, Satchel; 93, Satchel; 94, Satchel; 95, Satchel; 96, Satchel; 97, Satchel; 98, Satchel; 99, Satchel; 100, Satchel.

## Strongest Measures Against The Moslem Brotherhood

Cairo, Nov. 25.

Premier Gamal Abdel Nasser said today he would spare no effort to suppress the fanatical Moslem Brotherhood, which he accused of trying to overthrow his regime by force and assassination.

He also reiterated Egypt's intention to continue support of the North African independence cause "and try to prevent further French terrorism there."

Col. Nasser expressed his views to the United Press in the first interview he has given any foreign news agency since he deposed President Mohammed Naguib on November 14.

### QUESTIONS

Here is the text of questions put to Nasser at his Revolutionary Council headquarters in Cairo and his answers:

"Q—What is your estimate of the present strength of the Moslem Brotherhood movement? Is it the policy of your Government to wipe out the movement once and for all, and if so what measures will the Government adopt to achieve this objective? Do you feel that the movement represents a danger to Egypt? It has been reported that 100 prominent brethren still are at large."

"A—Intermediate solutions will not avail if the case in view is the security of the State. When it became clear that the Moslem Brethren's aim was transgression and overthrow of the Government through force, destruction and assassination to realise their seizure of power, it became imperative that we should suppress this danger to secure the progress of the revolution in respect to its constructive programme, especially the realisation of a good life for a good citizen."

"Q—Now that the situation regarding former President Naguib has been clarified, could you tell me what you propose to do with General Naguib? Will he continue to live at El Marg (a suburban Cairo residence) or will he be sent to some other place in Egypt, or will he be allowed to go abroad if he wishes to do so? It is understood the former President is under house arrest. If this is the case, is it proposed to continue to keep him under house arrest?"

"A—The only decision reached up till now is the exemption of General Naguib from trial, but no further procedure has been taken or attempted."

"Q—What is the latest news regarding Syrian activities toward the Moslem Brotherhood activities in Syrian territory?"

"A—More than once the Syrian Government promised to check the sinister activities undertaken by the Moslem Brethren in Syria, and despite our con-

science in these premises nothing serious is accomplished. It is interesting in this connection to note that our resistance against the Brethren not only was intended for the protection of the present regime in Egypt against their subversive elements, but protection of the Syrian State as well. This would again secure good relations binding the Arab communities."

"Q—French Premier Pierre Mendes-France recently protested to the United States Government regarding alleged interference by Egypt in France's affairs in Algeria. I would appreciate your comment on this protest, together with any other news you can give regarding the Egyptian attitude on this matter."

"A—We have stated repeatedly we would support the cause of any country struggling for its freedom from colonial rule. We have every desire to maintain friendly relations with France, but we are highly critical of French policy in North Africa, where Arabs and Moslems are

being persecuted. It is peculiar France should protest to the United States Government against our anti-colonial attitude. It is rather for us to protest, not only to the United States but to the entire United Nations, on the continued French persecution of Arabs in North Africa."

"We will continue to do everything in our power to help our Arab brethren in North Africa and try to prevent further French terrorism there. It is causing all the trouble and driving the Arabs to react to arms. Only an enlightened French policy can prevent further bloodshed and help to reach a peaceful settlement of this problem."

### ELECTIONS?

"Q—It has been reported that you may decide to hold elections in the near future. Is this correct?"

"A—As we eliminate subversive elements which threatened the very foundations of our country's resurgence, we drew nearer the time when free elections can be held in Egypt. The whole purpose of this regime is to eradicate misgovernment, tyranny and exploitation of the masses. We are anxious to restore full freedom to Egypt and are working toward this goal. The sooner we reach it the better."—United Press.

### TRIAL ENDS

Cairo, Nov. 25. The trial of the leader of the Moslem Brotherhood Association, Hassan el Hodeibi ended here tonight with a plea by the defendant and his counsel that he could not be made responsible for the activities of certain members of the organisation.

The Egyptian prosecutor had asked for the death penalty for Hodeibi on charges that he plotted to overthrow the government by force.

The President of the People's Tribunal trying the case, Major General Saleh, told the court that this was a "capital" case for Egypt and that one thing remained certain—none of the defendants had attacked the very principle of the accusations made against them.

They had only sought excuses, he said, during the trial proceedings which were broadcast over the Egyptian Radio network. Hodeibi's lawyer stated there was no penal law under which his client could be sentenced.

Hodeibi himself, referring to his age—he is in his seventies—and his declining health, took the stand to emphasize that he did not know everything that went on in the Brotherhood, particularly inside the "special organisation" set up to defend Islam and Egypt.

The verdict will be announced later, at a date still unspecified.

The Egyptian People's Court will begin the trial of the "general in chief" of the terrorist organisation of the Moslem Brotherhood next Saturday, the Attorney-General announced here tonight.

The man, Yusef Essadidin Talat, a corn merchant from Ismailia, is accused of plotting against the regime and the security of the state and of having organised a conspiracy aimed at overthrowing the present government by a vast murder campaign throughout the country.—France-Press.

### THE BEACON

"After the second World War when Europe was plunged into darkness and fear it was Sir Winston Churchill who with his Zurich speech lit the beacon of hope for victor and vanquished alike."

"He was the first to realise that only through close knit unity could Western civilisation driven to the brink of the abyss by Hitler survive the surging tide of Bolshevism."

"He will go down in history as the man who raised his voice when all the authorities of the Western world were silent."

"The countries of Europe from this date of his death will be united in a common spirit."



One of five Chinese ex-Communist soldiers who recently arrived in Rome on way to West. Tchiung-To-hung, accepts the Roman Catholic faith, and he receives the baptism from Cardinal Celso Constantino. The god-father was his friend in the forces, Chan Tching-tehung.—Express Photo.

## No Decision Yet Over Seized Whaling Ships

Lima, Nov. 25.

It was officially announced today that "in due course of time" publication would be made of the decisions taken with regard to five whaling ships and their crews recently taken to Peruvian ports, escorted by Peruvian naval vessels, following charges of fishing in Peruvian waters.

The ships belong to the Greek-Argentine millionaire, Aristotle Onassis.

## COLD CHISEL OPERATION

Wellington, N.Z., Nov. 26.

A doctor used a cold chisel and hammer to perform an operation on 5-year-old Elizabeth McGlimsey at her home near Carterton, North Island. He found Elizabeth firmly stuck in a large cream can with only her head protruding. With the aid of the chisel and hammer she was removed through the bottom of the can.—Reuter.

## ANTI-CATHOLIC DEMONSTRATION

Buenos Aires, Nov. 25.

Effigies of Roman Catholic priests swinging from gallows were paraded amid jeers and shouts during a demonstration today as crowds gathered to hear President Peron speak on alleged church interference in politics.

Members of the Peronist Youth Organisation littered the streets with leaflets saying "Peron, yes—clergy, no." The chief of police sent a large squad to protect religious shrines in the city and 30 men guarded the cathedral half a mile away from the rally.—Reuter.

### TRUSTED MAN

At the same time, the Panamanian lawyer, Mr. Robert Aleman, "trusted man of Onassis," arrived here today. It was stated that Mr. Aleman arrived "on a professional mission" and was not authorised to reveal the name of his client.

Mr. Charles Freuch, another Onassis representative, arrived at the port of Paita, where the detained vessels were taken. He immediately went to work on the furnishing of supplies for the vessels and the payment of earned wages to the crew members.—United Press.

## Van Fleet Favours Break With Russia

Washington, Nov. 25.

General James Van Fleet, former Commander-in-Chief of the United Nations Forces in Korea, told the Senate Judiciary Sub-Committee, that he favoured a break with Russia "as a major, dramatic step in an effort to prevent World War III," it was disclosed here today.

In his testimony made on Sept. 29 last and made public today, Gen. Van Fleet said "I believe it would create a situation in Russia that their people would want to know why we did sever relations."

### OWN LEADERS

"It might give us an opportunity to tell the Russian people that the reason is their own leaders who are misguiding them and leading them to war."

Gen. Van Fleet who made a long inspection tour in the Far East at the demand of President Dwight Eisenhower, told the sub-committee that in general and more particularly in Asia "time is not on our side."

Turning to the question of Quemoy, Nationalist-held island opposite Amoy, Gen. Van Fleet declared that it was vitally important. He said, "I visited Quemoy during my recent visit to the Far East and inspected the Chinese Nationalist positions along the straits of islands facing the mainland."

"I think it is important because a defeat there would be a further retreat of American policy and prestige. I do not believe we can afford to have any further loss of prestige in the Pacific."

### TWO ALLIANCES

In his testimony, Gen. Van Fleet declared, "I would favour two regional alliances in the Pacific: the one which has been created, SEATO, and another one for East Asia."

He said that since his return to the United States he got the impression that the American people did not want peace at any price.—France-Press.

## Cheque Was Surprise To Lord Milner

Nottingham, Nov. 24.

A cheque for £250, which Lord Milner of Leeds was alleged to have received to act as a "contact man" while he was a Labour member of Parliament and Deputy Speaker of the House of Commons, came to him, it was stated in court here today.

His counsel said it was "unexpected and came 18 months after he had quite properly helped a friend in a business matter."

The prosecution alleged during the three-day trial of three men on tax fraud charges that the money was paid to Lord Milner after he had been asked to help a firm obtain licences to build a bigger factory.

The three men on trial—Lionel King, 53, former managing director of the firm concerned and two London accountants, John Lawrence Goodwin, 61, and his son, John Howard Goodwin, 34—were charged with taking the accounts to defraud the income tax authorities between 1944 and 1949.

King was fined £6,000 and ordered to pay £100 costs within 14 days otherwise he would go to prison for 12 months in default. He was also ordered to pay the balance of £12,000 tax to the inland revenue.

Goodwin, senior, was fined £800 to be paid within a month or go to prison for 12 months in default. Goodwin, junior, was found not guilty and discharged.—China Mail Special.

## Saucers Are Bananas In Argentina

Cordoba City, Argentina, Nov. 25.

South America today entered strongly into the Flying Saucer Spotters League, hitherto dominated by Western Europe, with reports from the airport here of airborne bananas—with haloes.

A Press conference was called today to hear the new terms talent scouts reporting on a fruitly apparition they discovered in the early hours of this morning.

Commander Ernesto Barro, Chief of Air Information, produced witnesses who said that between 5.25 and 6.15 this morning they saw two "stall, banana-like, crescent shaped, unfamiliar bodies with a brilliant halo—which were certainly not stars."

### IN PARIS—HATS

Crowds of chattering girls wearing "flying saucers" hats and "men from Mars" head-dresses were wandering through the streets of Paris today, celebrating the Feast of the Furies of Saint Catherine, Saint Catherine's Day.

On this Feast Day girls who have reached the age of 25 without marrying are solemnly presented with a "Saint Catherine's Bunnet," which takes many fantastic forms.

This year's models were inspired by inhabitants of another universe.

All the big fashion houses—Christian Dior, Germaine Sarda, Pierre Balmain, arranged parties for their seamstresses, banquettes were served and dance bands played.

Only in one famous house was there no dancing or music. A world famous designer died last week. His wife Genevieve who has taken over from him, entertained the Saint Catherine girls at a small private party.

## BUT IN MOSCOW IT'S RUBBISH

The Red Army newspaper, Red Star, sees flying saucers as weapons in a "wave of hysteria" intended to distract people's attention from anti-Soviet plots.

Commenting on reports of the appearance of flying saucers over Tehran, Red Star said "this flying vessel" had "made an excursion right round the world" before reaching Persia.

On its way it devoted its attention mainly to "those countries where waves of anti-Soviet and anti-Communist hysteria are rising to the skies."

"Appearing at one time in the United States, the saucers flew on to all the countries of the Atlantic Union, as well as to others whose governments are not indifferent to aggressive blocs."

"More recently they have probably not by chance, been taking a look at Near and Middle East countries. And so, at last, they have appeared in Persia."

"All this 'rubbish' about objects in the Persian skies was being written because 'the forces of darkness are trying to deprive the Persian people of their reason.' Red Star said.—Reuter and France-Press.

## Rudolph the Red-Nosed Reindeer

By Robert L. May





What's best in  
Kowloon?



## SALE

- ★ LADIES & GENTS TOP COATS  
Wide selection of first grade  
Angora cashmere, camel-hair and  
cashmere at 10-20% discount.
- ★ LADIES SUITS  
All English Worsted — 10-20%  
discount.
- ★ LADIES DRESSES  
Jersey Wool, various sizes and  
colours.
- ★ COCKTAIL DRESSES & SUITS  
Lovely Swiss Brocade,  
and many, many others.

**Mayai & Co.**

120 Nathan Rd., (Princess Theatre Bldg.) Kowloon.  
Tel. 54708.

PRINCESS GARDEN  
RESTAURANT

FAMOUS PEKING FOOD

PRINCESS THEATRE BLDG. KOWLOON 54169

### SAVE WITH SAFETY

SAVE with SAFETY by having your smooth tyres reconditioned by the Proved "TYRESOLES" Process. Every make and size of tyre can be treated to give new tyre mileage over again at the lowest cost per mile. Hand in your tyres to your usual garage and specify "TYRESOLES" or contact

**TYRESOLES (H.K.) LTD.**  
Corner of Nathan Road & Nullah Road,  
Kowloon  
Telephone 53656.

### ZORIC DRY CLEANING

CAN ONLY BE DONE IN A "ZORIC" UNIT. THERE IS BUT ONE IN THE COLONY. IT IS USED AT...

**THE STEAM LAUNDRY CO.**

Call 58266 For Collection and Deliveries

Let the Future Scholar  
have a Start Now!



from **SOUTH CHINA MORNING POST, LTD.**



"Isn't he supposed to be at the Lord Mayor's banquet?"

London Express Service

### THE COMMUNIST SECRET FRONT REMAINS UNCHANGED

## Co-existence? Don't Fall For The Old Gambit

By JULIUS GOULD

A GREAT deal is heard these days about "peaceful co-existence" with the Communist Powers. The words are excellent and so is the objective—no less so because it is hard to reach. Moscow, too, claims it as an objective. But what do the words really mean? And does Moscow, indeed, mean by them what we mean?

To ask such questions may seem pedantic, but experience shows that, when the free world communicates with the Communists, a common vocabulary masks crucial differences in emphasis and approach.

At the Allied wartime conferences, for example, words like "democracy", "free elections" and so on, meant one thing to Stalin but something quite different to President Roosevelt. And in Eastern Europe since the war, words such as "Socialism" meant one thing to the Communists but quite another to the Social Democrats who "fellow-travelled" to destruction.

#### Two Meanings

THAT is why, when the phrase "peaceful co-existence" crops up, we should see just what meaning the Russian and other Communists place upon it. It will save a lot of trouble later on.

Actually this innocent little phrase, looked at from the Marxist-Leninist standpoint, tells us a great deal about Communist strategy and tactics. Like so many

words in the political dictionary, these have an "ordinary" meaning for the non-Communist, but a special, almost "sacred," meaning for devout Marxist-Leninists.

These "sacred" meanings are part of a total doctrine or world-outlook, to which Communists, under Malenkov, or Mao Tse-tung, or under Stalin, faithfully subscribe. And this doctrine governs their actions as well as their thoughts.

#### Doom And War

THE phrase "peaceful co-existence," in the Marxist context, gives much-needed flexibility to the total doctrine. For the Marxist creed speaks, in general, a language of doom and war. It predicts a social clash in which the capitalists, imperialists, and other wicked persons will be brought low. And as the Soviet Union considers itself the homeland of this revolutionary process, relations between it and the more "backward" parts of the world would, logically enough, become rather strained!

This antithesis—the USSR versus the Rest—has a political value to the Communists. For one thing this "struggle between opposites," between virtue and vice, has a certain simplicity of the kind found in stories for children.

It may be good for morale in the "revolutionary homeland," it may also attract simple-minded persons in the outside world. But to the devout Communist—it has some snags about it. For one thing it may frighten the homeland more than it is good for its morale. For

Julius Gould, lecturer on Sociology at the London School of Economics, has contributed numerous articles to periodicals on political and trade union questions. He had a distinguished academic career and was a scholar of Balliol College, Oxford, before becoming Assistant-Lecturer at University College, London.

another the majority of people in the outside "wicked" world may be aroused not to sympathy but to self-defence.

At such a point the Marxist priests turn to the milder language of "peaceful co-existence." Quite rightly, they believe that this will frighten people less.

When the Russian or Chinese leaders try to still the fears of the West, they naturally stress the need for "co-existence." But make no mistake! That doesn't lessen their expansionist or revolutionary aims. Wasn't co-existence an old gambit of Stalin's? "Well," you might say, "Stalin is dead and divine honours are no longer heaped upon him." All the same his ghost still stalks and his theories

are still Communist articles of faith.

Smother and more flexible than Stalin, his successor may prove better Stalinists than their master. They may share his aims but be more competent at concealing them. Like him they seek to confuse the outside world, to divide it and to conquer. And in the outside world there are so many people who are so easily misled by the evidence of Soviet thought and writing, just as in the old days people ignored "Main Kampf" and hoped for the best.

Today, though the Communists have explained clearly how they interpret "co-existence," neutralists still ignore the Marxist setting of the phrase. This is willful ignorance. For Stalin never hid his view that "co-existence" could occur only within the "limits" allowed by the opposing systems. And as he reserved the right to say, at any time, what these "limits" were, this was not too reassuring.

#### Time To March

HE recalled, too, that for the Marxist, "co-existence" is limited in time as well as in scope. In his book "Problems of Leninism"—still a classic for the faithful—Stalin declared that each stage of the world revolution had its own strategy; that "the epoch of world revolution had commenced"; that "the main forces of the revolution were the dictatorship of the proletariat in one country, the revolutionary movement of the proletariat in all countries." The "strategy" for this stage of the Marxist scheme was also sketched—how to attack Liberals, and Social Democrats, exploit colonial unrest and so on.

Sunlight, or the other hand, comes to everybody—for nothing.

It is possible that the materials for storing it will not only be easily available and cheap—but also, like Glauber's salts—fit for permanent use without change.

#### EQUAL CHANCE

Moreover, it will give nearly every nation on earth equal access to cheap power, and chop a big slice off everyone's transportation bill. It might spell ruin for some manufacturing nations which now survive because they have access to "cheaper power" than other countries; and "cheaper" ordinary consumers who surround it to stay their products from the side of the earth for manufacture.

## Narriman Speaks:

'ENGLAND WILL BE MY HAVEN'

Lausanne.  
EX-QUEEN Narriman looked out from the balcony of her £9 a day suite over the peaceful beauty of Lake Geneva here, sighed, and said: "I must find peace, and England is the only country I shall find it. Perhaps somewhere in England there is a haven. In England I would live a life of perfection for the sake of my little King Fund."

The ex-queen had broken her self-imposed "purdah" to receive me. Gracefully she accepted the bouquet of yellow roses I had brought her.

You are the first journalist I have seen since I came here. I have said I will see no one, but you can tell me about England. The strain of the break-up of her two marriages was evident in the paleness of her face, in her nervous quick gestures, in the sentences coming in a rapid torrent punctuated with long intervals of silence.

"I want people to forget me," said the 21-year-old beauty who fled from Farouk and later from husband No. 2, Dr Adham el Nekeeb.

#### RINGLESS HANDS

It was of the doctor that she spoke first—in broken French and some English. "He was so rude. He says my mother is a terrible woman. That is not true. My mother is wonderful. She has never interested herself in my private life. She is always so discreet—even with Farouk she was so."

Her pencil-slim body—she has lost weight—shivered in the warm sunlight as she glanced at her ringless hands—not even a wedding ring. The only sound was the frisking of her pet poodle, Yo-Yo.

"Nothing would please my mother more than to see me happily married, and my husband condemns her. He is very naughty, but I cannot do anything to stop these lies about my mother or about my marriage."

The ex-queen fingered her pearl earrings, threw back the golden curls from her forehead, and said: "My doctor has told me I must stay in Switzerland for a few months. And then...? Perhaps it will be England with my mother. I wish my son could come with us."

Narriman told me of offers to appear in television, offers that had been made from England and America.

#### OTHER OFFERS

"But my religion forbids it. I must not upset the career of my son by doing the wrong thing."

Her anxiety "not to do the wrong thing" that might harm the son whom Farouk will not let her see has led her to refuse other offers, including one from New York of \$25,000 for the story of her life with Farouk and the doctor.

"I want to put all that behind me," she declared emphatically. A daily visitor is Monsieur Frey, who comes from a fashionable hotel to tend her hair. Madame Augusta comes too, with a selection of hats.

But everyone trying to see the ex-Queen must first pass the scrutiny and secure the approval of Madame Valérie Groux, companion to Narriman's mother and known as "Narriman's policeman."

"The ex-queen," she said to me after I had won her approval, "is so young to have experienced such tragedy. These days she is always so sad."

Farouk? I liked him, too. I want to see them together again, but I cannot see a reconciliation.

Narriman took me to the sunlit balcony before saying farewell. "This is beautiful, but I feel that only in England shall I find peace."

Victor Sims

## FREE POWER FOR EVERYBODY?

By LES ARMOUR

A FEW years ago, plumbers installing a water heating plant in a new house at Cambridge, Massachusetts, scratched their heads in bewilderment.

The pipes were all there, the tank was fine—but there was no apparatus visible for heating the water except a small glass box containing a few jars full of Glauber's salts.

Last week, Dr. Maria Telkes told the National Industrial Conference Board in New York what it was all about.

They retain a large proportion of the sun's heat. When the heat is off, they crystallize again, so preparing for another round.

The trick was sufficient to give a constant supply of hot water. But there is something more than that in it.

#### PRACTICAL SOURCE

Dr. Telkes, currently project director of New York University's College of Engineering, is now convinced that sunlight offers a practical source of all the industrial power man is ever likely to need.

Prof. Farrington Daniels was telling a UNESCO gathering in Paris much the same story.

Before atom power becomes really necessary (when coal and oil reserves are exhausted) solar power may have made it redundant.

The trick is simply to find something—like Dr. Telkes' Glauber's salts—which "stores" the sun's energy efficiently.

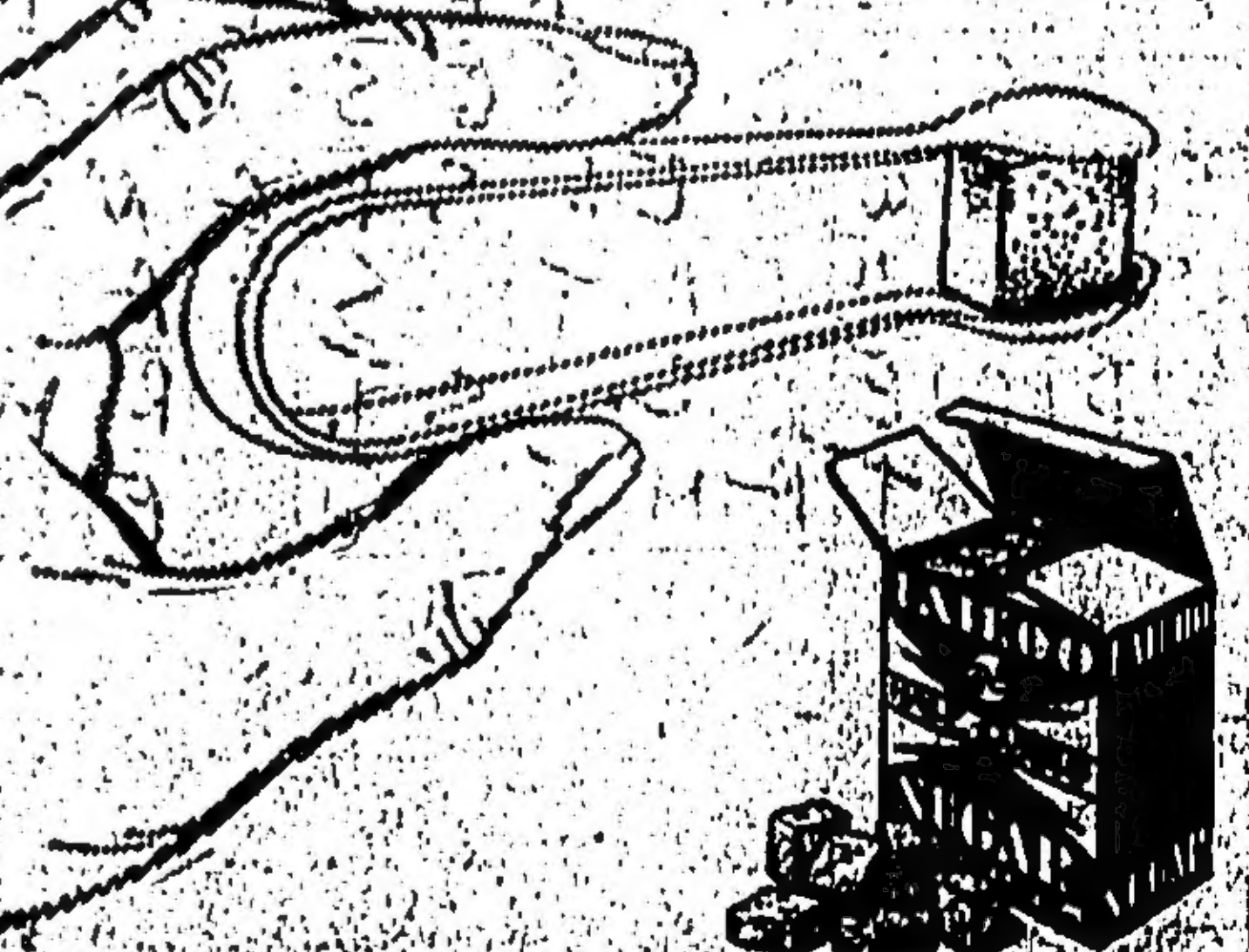
And the scientists, apparently, have several good tricks up their sleeves.

It is possible that the materials for storing it will not only be easily available and cheap—but also, like Glauber's salts—fit for permanent use without change.

Reasonable material like coal and oil is already difficult to find, and the supply is not inexhaustible.

Purchasers, in fact, are faced with a choice of materials—some of which are more expensive and

"One Lump or Two?"  
... make sure it's  
TAIKOO!



**TAIKOO SUGAR**  
Half Cubes







ONE OF THE YEAR'S BEST RACING STORIES

# THIS BOLD PLAN REALLY DESERVED A BETTER FATE

By JAMES PARK

One of the best racing stories of the year concerns the attempt to land a coup. It has become increasingly difficult to work a commission on the racecourse as some bookmakers are quick to size up the situation and, while they will lay a bet, they promptly back it for themselves. That causes the price to topple in a flash.

At the Houghton meeting at Newmarket an owner thought out something new. Normally all big bets are made on credit. This time the owner decided to experiment with a ready-money transaction.

He drew £4,000 from the bank in new £5 notes. The money was packed into bundles of £50 and £100. It was entrusted to a friend, unknown to the racecourse, with the necessary instructions.

## TWO HORSES

The owner had two horses in the race. A prominent jockey was put on the one carrying the first colour. The "gamble" was running in England for the first time and carrying the distinguishing black cap, was ridden by a boy not so well known.

The bookmakers opened the market at 6-4 the form horse, but, at the appropriate moment, a man they had never seen before started betting at the best odds he could get the horse carrying the second colour.

He kept pulling out bundles of "ready" and handing them over to bookmakers right along the rails at whatever odds they offered.

This was something they had not seen for a long time. Who was this "mug" with all the money? They took it all and when the unknown backer had finished he found he had averaged 7-2 to his £4,000.

## STARTED AT 2-1

I fancy the bookmakers got frightened and began doing a bit of hedging, as the horse started at 2-1. But there was no happy ending.

I am sorry to spoil the story by saying the horse finished sixth of nine. But, even though it did not click, it was the "job" of the year. The bold plan really deserved a better fate.

It is always amusing to hear discussions between bookmakers and backers. There is only one subject in hotels after racing—and it usually ends in a bet being struck.

That is what happened after the racing at Liverpool. The first night there was a discussion between a backer and a

bookmaker about the Champion Hurdle, which is not run until March.

"What price will you lay Sir Ken?" asked the backer. "I will lay 5-2 and take 3-1. As a bookmaker, I think both offers are very fair"—and he meant it.

The backer tried to get the offer increased to 3-1. That was steadily refused.

"Business is business," said the bookmaker. "I can't afford to bet over the odds, but I can always take over the odds." It ended with the backer laying 3-1 Sir Ken to a nice sum of money.

Much the same thing happened the following evening, only the race was the Gold Cup at Cheltenham, also run in March.

After the usual bantering it ended with the backer laying the bookmaker 5-1 Four Ten, which is also "over the odds." They were genuine bets, and it will be of interest to see how they work out.

(London Express Service)

The annual International Horse Show in Paris, in which Champions from seven nations are taking part, was inaugurated last week with an equestrian quadrille. The ladies taking part dressed in the style of the reign of Louis XV.

—France-Press Photo.

## Tomorrow's Chances At The Valley

By "RAPIER"

The second half of the Hongkong Jockey Club's Fourth Race Meeting tomorrow will feature the running of the St. Andrew's Stakes to be contested by Class 2 ponies over 1 mile 3 furlongs 65 yards.

There are eight races tomorrow. The first saddling bell will be rung at 1.30 p.m. with the first race starting at 2.00 p.m. sharp.

Here are my estimates of the chances:

## FIRST RACE

Avr Handicap: 1 1/4 Miles.

The opening race of the day is for Class 2 ponies over the champion distance. The event seems to be very open. Among the entries I take a fancy to Huntingdon (Mr. Boycott). The next best is Armand (Mr. H. C. Pih).

Two other ponies which should have some say are United Victory (Mr. Chun Kit) and Brivisto (Mr. Travert).

## SECOND RACE

Midlothian Handicap: Six Furlongs.

This sprint is confined to Class 6 ponies to be ridden by approved novice riders who have not won 10 races at any time anywhere.

Atomic Caesar (Mr. Starr Liu) can well win the Des Voeux Handicap over the mile at the First Race Meeting with this same rider up. I believe its prospects of scoring another win here rather bright.

Citation (Mr. Herbert Lee) is well suited for this distance and I think it will give Atomic Caesar a good race.

Comet (Mr. Alex Lam) is a fast improving pony and should be worth a 5-5 bet each way.

Comhill (Mr. T. H. Yau) and Valbridge (Mr. Barthropp) are also good enough to extend the above points.

## THIRD RACE

Muskeburgh Handicap (First Section): One Mile.

The first lot of Class 5 ponies will form the opposition in this race and from the entries I expect the finish to resolve into a battle between Royal Command (Mr. Samra) and Caesar (Mr. Starr Liu).

Great Conqueror (Mr. K. H. Hung) and Avoca (Mr. Ostroff) are also good enough to extend the above points.

## FOURTH RACE

St. Andrew's Stakes: 1 Mile 3 Furlongs 65 Yards.

This is the main event of the afternoon and will be contested by Class 2 ponies. Rainbow (Mr. Wei) and Caesar (Mr. Starr Liu) have impressed me recently with good early morning work.

I particularly liked the way the former was moving and my vote goes to the bay mare.

Larc Triumphant (Mr. C. L. Liu) can easily score if he can only start and Gold Medal (Mr. K. H. Hung) is the likely outsider.

## FIFTH RACE

Edna Handicap: Six Furlongs.

In this sprint race for Class 2 ponies it will be a difficult problem to spot the winner.

In view of its previous win in the Gasconade Handicap from the 1 1/4 mile post at the First Race Meeting Chariot (Mr. C. L. Liu) will no doubt command the most support.

With other capable sprinters among the entries such as Beadball Lie (Mr. Wei), Hallmark (Mr. Samra), American Carrot (Mr. Starr Liu) and Skyline (Mr. Boycott), the pace should be fast. The finish should be fought out between these five.

## SIXTH RACE

Dagide Handicap: 1 1/4 Miles.

First Lady, Mr. Ostroff up, presents a handsome proposition here as the pony has shown great improvement and should start a firm favourite.

Opposition is expected from Green Velvet (Mr. T. L. Wong) which has put on a lot of condition during morning gallops.

I am of the opinion that it stands a very good chance of chalking up a belated triumph here.

Harvest Moon (Mr. Starr Liu) and Evening View (Mr. H. C. Pih) are good over this distance and should have some say in this race.

## SEVENTH RACE

Muskeburgh Handicap (Second Section): One Mile.

This is the final event of the meeting and is confined to the second section of Class 5 ponies. Santa Claus (Mr. Samra) appears to have the best recommendation for a win here.

The pony to watch, however, is Speedy Roger which will be taken out by Mr. Kwok. It has been showing improved form lately and it will give Santa Claus a keen fight.

There is also Perfectibility (Mr. K. H. Hung) to be considered as this pony has been

making rapid improvement and the distance should suit it. The lightweighted Marine Charger (Mr. Travert) stands some chance.

## EIGHTH RACE

Hamilton Handicap: From 1 1/4 Mile Post.

I like the way Ironside (Mr. Ostroff) has been going about his work and I think it will do the trick.

Angelle Power (Mr. U. Kum-lun) and Gracechurch (Mr. C. L. Liu) should be very close, having undergone special preparation for this event.

Queenpots (Mr. T. L. Wong) is not bad and Wild Honey (Mr. Kwok) may surprise them all by winning.

## NINTH RACE

Edna Handicap: Six Furlongs.

In this sprint race for Class 2 ponies it will be a difficult problem to spot the winner.

In view of its previous win in the Gasconade Handicap from the 1 1/4 mile post at the First Race Meeting Chariot (Mr. C. L. Liu) will no doubt command the most support.

With other capable sprinters among the entries such as Beadball Lie (Mr. Wei), Hallmark (Mr. Samra), American Carrot (Mr. Starr Liu) and Skyline (Mr. Boycott), the pace should be fast. The finish should be fought out between these five.

## TENTH RACE

Dagide Handicap: 1 1/4 Miles.

First Lady, Mr. Ostroff up, presents a handsome proposition here as the pony has shown great improvement and should start a firm favourite.

Opposition is expected from Green Velvet (Mr. T. L. Wong) which has put on a lot of condition during morning gallops.

I am of the opinion that it stands a very good chance of chalking up a belated triumph here.

Harvest Moon (Mr. Starr Liu) and Evening View (Mr. H. C. Pih) are good over this distance and should have some say in this race.

## ELEVENTH RACE

Muskeburgh Handicap (Second Section): One Mile.

This is the final event of the meeting and is confined to the second section of Class 5 ponies. Santa Claus (Mr. Samra) appears to have the best recommendation for a win here.

The pony to watch, however, is Speedy Roger which will be taken out by Mr. Kwok. It has been showing improved form lately and it will give Santa Claus a keen fight.

There is also Perfectibility (Mr. K. H. Hung) to be considered as this pony has been

making rapid improvement and the distance should suit it. The lightweighted Marine Charger (Mr. Travert) stands some chance.

## DANGER OF A SPLIT IN THE PGA

London, Nov. 25.

Henry Cotton, Great Britain's last Ryder Cup golf captain, announced at the Professional Golf Association's dinner here last night that he had been voted off the Association's Committee at the annual meeting which preceded the dinner.

Cotton, three times British Open Champion, had served on the Committee since 1934 and was captain of the PGA in 1934 and 1948.

Cotton said there was a danger of a split between the older school of officials and the tournament professionals.

## "UNHAPPY"

He read a statement which he said was signed by himself and 24 tournament professionals including most of last year's Ryder Cup side.

The statement said: "We, the undersigned, desire it to be publicly known that as the tournament playing section of the PGA is not adequately represented on the present Committee, we shall not accept any invitation to play in any international match sponsored by the PGA, unless we are satisfied with the Selection Committee and the captain."

"We do this because we are unhappy about the general treatment of the tournament players and rules being applied which we consider are stifling the future of the tournament player in this country."

Cotton declared that he and the signatories did not want to split the PGA, but rather desired it to become a more live and active body.

He said that at the annual meeting only one of many tournament professionals who had put up for the Committee had succeeded in getting in and he attributed the reason to the fact that there had been no less than 180 proxy votes while less than 100 proxy votes had attended the meeting.

Other results were as follows: Light W. C. Clark beat LAC Wan Abdullah on points.

Weller LAC Blake TKO'd C. H. Riggs in 2nd Round.

Light C. H. Loggerton beat LAC Wright in 1st Round.

Light C. H. Loggerton beat LAC Wright in 1st Round.

Light C. H. Loggerton beat LAC Wright in 1st Round.

Light C. H. Loggerton beat LAC Wright in 1st Round.

Light C. H. Loggerton beat LAC Wright in 1st Round.

Light C. H. Loggerton beat LAC Wright in 1st Round.

Light C. H. Loggerton beat LAC Wright in 1st Round.

Light C. H. Loggerton beat LAC Wright in 1st Round.

Light C. H. Loggerton beat LAC Wright in 1st Round.

Light C. H. Loggerton beat LAC Wright in 1st Round.

Light C. H. Loggerton beat LAC Wright in 1st Round.

Light C. H. Loggerton beat LAC Wright in 1st Round.

Light C. H. Loggerton beat LAC Wright in 1st Round.

Light C. H. Loggerton beat LAC Wright in 1st Round.

Light C. H. Loggerton beat LAC Wright in 1st Round.

Light C. H. Loggerton beat LAC Wright in 1st Round.

Light C. H. Loggerton beat LAC Wright in 1st Round.

Light C. H. Loggerton beat LAC Wright in 1st Round.

Light C. H. Loggerton beat LAC Wright in 1st Round.

Light C. H. Loggerton beat LAC Wright in 1st Round.

Light C. H. Loggerton beat LAC Wright in 1st Round.

Light C. H. Loggerton beat LAC Wright in 1st Round.

Light C. H. Loggerton beat LAC Wright in 1st Round.

Light C. H. Loggerton beat LAC Wright in 1st Round.

## Generous Ration Of Knockouts At RAF-REME Show

BY OUR BOXING REPORTER

A packed house at Kai Tak saw some grand fighting when the Royal Air Force met REME in a boxing tournament last night. It was a show that had something for everyone. There was a generous ration of knockouts, some brilliant boxing, thrills galore and at least one major upset, and it all took place in a spirit of good sportsmanship that made this an evening well spent.

Pride of place in the outstanding achievements list is shared by Cpl. Mullen and AC Baker; Mullen for the most accomplished all-round performance of the night, and Baker for his thrilling upset victory over L/Cpl. Rollinson of the 1st Kings.

Special mention must also be made of popular LAC Monaghan's reversal of the recent decision which Sgt. Weaver scored over him at the Southern Playground... although on this occasion the fight never rose to the same heights of excitement as did their first meeting.

The re-match of Cpl. Mullen and LAC Gollidge was a thriller from first to last and if there was ever the slightest doubt about Mullen's previous victory—and I personally don't believe there was—then there was certainly no doubt about this one.

## COMPLETE FIGHTER

Mullen on this showing looked the complete fighter. He was fast, and strong in attack and, apart from the fact that he occasionally looked easy to hit, he was strong enough and fit enough to take all that Gollidge could give and still come right back to the attack.

There was a rather unusual but nevertheless pleasant finish to this bout for apart from the fact that the crowd gave both boys a tremendous ovation—and how well they deserved it—we were treated to the unusual sight of seeing the ring officials and the referee standing up and joining in the general applause.

Both boys fought valiantly and it is surely unique that when the referee had to speak to either for even a minor offence or indiscretion.

AC Baker and his Kat Telford in jubilation with a great and well won decision over L/Cpl. Rollinson.

Few spectators gave Baker more than an outside chance when the bout started, but fighting with great skill and showing a courageous willingness to battle it out with his hard-hitting opponent, he steadily reduced Rollinson to very ordinary levels.

Rollinson did not look too fit and long before the end he was glad to hang on and another half of blows aimed at him by the progressively confident blonde airman. A real hard battle and Baker's victory was as worthy as it was popular.

The Monaghan-Weaver fight was in many ways a disappointment and turned out to be a bit of an anti-climax. Both men went into the ring with very not plans and they seemed determined not to vary them whatever the run of the fight.

This resulted in long periods of inactivity, as far as hard hitting was concerned, and, as each waited for the other to make a move, Monaghan did most of the forcing but he was never comfortable waiting for his opponent to make the attack while it seemed as though Weaver was getting exactly similar instructions from his corner.

However, Monaghan can be well pleased with his success for it has broken a losing sequence that has stretched over four fights.

The most spectacular blow of the evening came from PAREL Champion Kimm, Kelly who knocked out Sgt. West, North Staffs Regt, with an astonishing right hook in the third round. Kelly had earlier been on the boards himself but he repaid the compliment with such interest that West had to be removed from the ring on a stretcher.

## OTHER RESULTS

Other results were as follows: Light W. C. Clark beat LAC Wan Abdullah on points.

Weller LAC Blake TKO'd C. H. Riggs in 2nd Round.

Light C. H. Loggerton beat LAC Wright in 1st Round.

Light C. H. Loggerton beat LAC Wright in 1st Round.

Light C. H. Loggerton beat LAC Wright in 1st Round.

Light C. H. Loggerton beat LAC Wright in 1st Round.

Light C. H. Loggerton beat LAC Wright in 1st Round.

Light C. H. Loggerton beat LAC Wright in 1st Round.

Light C. H. Loggerton beat LAC Wright in 1st Round.

Light C. H. Loggerton beat LAC Wright in 1st Round.

Light C. H. Loggerton beat LAC Wright in 1st Round.

Light C. H. Loggerton beat LAC Wright in 1st Round.

Light C. H. Loggerton beat LAC Wright in 1st Round.

Light C. H. Loggerton beat LAC Wright in 1st Round.

Light C. H. Loggerton beat LAC Wright in 1st Round.

Light C. H. Loggerton beat LAC Wright in 1st Round.

Light C. H. Loggerton beat LAC Wright in 1st Round.

Light C. H. Loggerton beat LAC Wright in 1st Round.

Light C. H. Loggerton beat LAC Wright in 1st Round.

Light C. H. Loggerton beat LAC Wright in 1st Round.

Light C. H. Loggerton beat LAC Wright in 1st Round.

Light C. H. Loggerton beat LAC Wright in 1st Round.

Light C. H. Loggerton beat LAC Wright in 1st Round.

Light C. H. Loggerton beat LAC Wright in 1st Round.

Light C. H. Loggerton beat LAC Wright in 1st Round.

Light C. H. Loggerton beat LAC Wright in 1st Round.

Light C. H. Loggerton beat LAC Wright in 1st Round.

Light C. H. Loggerton beat LAC Wright in 1st Round.

Light C. H. Loggerton beat LAC Wright in 1st Round.

Light C. H. Loggerton beat LAC Wright in 1st Round.

Light C. H. Loggerton beat LAC Wright in 1st Round.

Light C. H. Loggerton beat LAC Wright in 1st Round.

Light C. H. Loggerton beat LAC Wright in 1st Round.

## THE HONG KONG JOCKEY CLUB

## FOURTH RACE MEETING

Saturday 20th November &amp; Sunday 21st November 1954

(To be held under the Rules of the Hong Kong Jockey Club)

THE PROGRAMME WILL CONSIST OF 16 RACES

The First Bell will be rung at 1.30 p.m. and the First Race run at 2 p.m. on both days.

The Secretary's Office at Alexandra House will close at 11.45 a.m. on both days.

## MEMBERS' ENCLOSURE

NO PERSON WITHOUT A BADGE WILL BE ADMITTED. All persons MUST wear their badges prominently displayed throughout the meeting.

Admission Badges at \$10 each per day are obtainable through the Secretary on the written or personal introduction of a Member, such member to be responsible for all visitors introduced by him.

Tickets will be obtainable at the Club House if ordered in advance from the No. 1 Box (Tel. 72311).

NO CHILDREN will be admitted to the Club's premises during the Meeting. For this purpose a Child is a person under the age of seventeen years, Western Standard.

## PUBLIC ENCLOSURE

The price of admission will be \$3 each per day payable at the Gate.

Any person leaving the Enclosure will be required to pay the requisite fee of \$3 in order to gain re-admission.

MEALS and REFRESHMENTS will be obtainable in the RESTAURANT.

## SERVANTS

Servants must remain in their employers' boxes except for passing through on their duties. They may on no account use the Betting Booths in the Members' Betting Hall.

## CASH SWEEPS

Through Cash Sweep Tickets at \$10.00 each for the second day of the Meeting may be obtained from the Cash Sweep Offices during normal office hours until 11.00 a.m. on 27th November.

Particular numbers within the series 1 to 4,000 may be reserved for all race meetings as Through Tickets. Such tickets will be issued consecutively only and the right is reserved by the Stewards to cancel any reservation for Through Tickets for a particular Meeting if it is found that sales may not reach the number reserved in the series 1 to 4,000.

In the case of two-day Race Meetings, Through Tickets may be purchased for each day of the Meeting provided that the second day is on a date not less than five days after the first day. In all other cases Through Tickets will only be sold for the whole meeting.

Tickets reserved and available but not paid for by 10 a.m. on the day preceding the Race Meeting for which they are reserved will be sold and the reservation cancelled for future Meetings.

Tickets over 4,000 will also be issued consecutively but particular numbers cannot be reserved as Through Tickets.

The reservation of any particular number does not confer on the registered holder any rights whatsoever unless the ticket bearing the appropriate number is issued to and can be produced by the holder.

The Stewards reserve the right to refuse any subscription also the right to remove any name from subscription lists with out stating reasons for their action.

Cash Sweep Tickets on the last race of the Meeting at \$2 each may be obtained from the Cash Sweep Offices at Queen's Building, (Chater Road), 5, D'Almeida Street and 362, Nathan Road during normal office hours, and until 11 a.m. on both days of the Meeting.

## SPECIAL CASH SWEEP

Tickets for the Special Cash Sweep on the Pearce Memorial Cup scheduled to be run on 22nd January, 1955,



# Lady Wrestlers Tangle In Tokyo In Unladylike Poses

Six curvaceous, if muscular, blondes and brunettes from America, Italy, Sweden and Argentina grappled here last Thursday to start a three-day women's professional exhibition wrestling tournament.

Some 15,000 spectators, conspicuous for the absence of the fair sex and a preponderance of males over 30, packed the Kuramae Kokugikan—a Sumo wrestling joint—which hitherto had witnessed only male flesh ripple, sweat, grunt and groan.

And plenty was exhibited. Besides the six foreign ladies, four native performers joined in the rousin' in various states of undress as the going got tough and eyes were rolled back. The girls are Mildred Burke, 30, of the United States, who claims to be the toughest lady living, who tips the scales at 150 pounds and holds the world title, a veteran of 15 years in the wrestling ring; Mae Young, 24, 150 lbs., New York State Champion; Ruth Bonacelli, 20, blonde, California ex-fashion model, 135 pounds, who is too good-looking to be in the rascal's ring; Gloria Barattini, 22, from Italy, a 135 pounder, also not at all of the deer-thriving

type; Mille Anderson, 25, 135 pounds, also removed from the common conception of bulging muscle work; and Rita Martinez, 29, who hails from Argentina, the darling of 100,000 fans south of the Rio Grande and South America's hope, another looker.

The top performer among the Japanese girls to compete was Sakiko Ikaru, 22, who tips the beam at 135 pounds. The others were Rose Katsumi, 24, 120 pounds; Masako Hashimoto, 21, 145 pounds and Kazuko Hashimoto, 22, 124 pounds.

The Japanese are said to have three to six years of ring experience.

## HAIR-GRABBING

In the third match of the evening, Gloria Barattini and Mae Young delighted fans by grabbing each other by the hair, throwing and kicking to their hearts' content.

So bitter was the dispute that, finding themselves outside the ring, they went at each other with fists and turned the scrap into a boxing match. As Mae made use of her long hair, the Italian brunette skillfully evaded the impact and won the bout by a fall.

In a special match, Rita tried an Irish whip (throwing by whipping an arm backward) on Mille, who countered with full Nelson and body-scissors. A spectacular scene was enacted when Rita took hold of her opponent by a leg and whirled her around the ring. With time up, the match ended in a draw.

Holder of the world title, Mildred Burke showed speed and varied technique, while Ruth Bonacelli attempted to get a full Nelson and headlock on her formidable opponent. Mildred's ring force, however, soon began to tell and, after throwing Ruth with Irish whips and rope work, won by a fall.

The tug match that followed was something to see. Mae and Ruth were pitted against Rita and Gloria and the four sweated and was expected to win her games comfortably.

The Malaysian girl played with great determination from the opening and after a few strong rallies had the English champion running all over the court with well executed drop shots. The wildly cheering Singapore crowd roared their support of the diminutive Malaysian girl and the English champion became more and more rattled and lost the second set after collecting only one point. Kiti Lin took the match in 16 minutes with scores of 11-4, 11-1.

Malaya's crack doubles combination of Ong Poh Lim and Ismail Marjan beat India's Seth and Nataraj in the comfortable margin of 10-6, 10-0.

Iris Cooley of England beat Perak champion Miss Tan Eng Looi 11-4, 11-4.

Sonerville, who has won two matches in two nights, will face Malaysian champion Ong Poh Lim to-night in a singles match. —United Press.

## Italians Win Clay Pigeon Shooting

Caracas, Nov. 25. Italy won the World Clay Pigeon Shooting team title in the International Championships here today and established a world record with their score of 773 points.

The previous record had been set at 773 points by Sweden's team of Oslo in 1952.

The Swedish team this year was reported first in the Service Rifle team event with a total of 2,410 points, Yugoslavia second with 2,451 points and Finland third with 2,439 points.

Tied for second place in the Clay Pigeon team competition were Sweden and Egypt, both with a total of 701 points. They are to be opposed in an extra round to shoot out second and third places.

Fourth was the Soviet team with 707 points, fifth Norway with 740 points, sixth Canada with 708 points, seventh Cuba with 708 points, eighth Japan with 702 points, ninth Venezuela with 690 points, and tenth Colombia with 688 points.

The winning members of the Italian team were: Merlo, 197 points; Roscini, 136 points; Chiofalo, 191 points; and De Dominicis, 190 points. —France Press.

Tokyo, Nov. 25.

from America, Italy, Sweden and Argentina grappled here last Thursday to start a three-day women's professional exhibition wrestling tournament.

Some 15,000 spectators, conspicuous for the absence of the fair sex and a preponderance of males over 30, packed the Kuramae Kokugikan—a Sumo wrestling joint—which hitherto had witnessed only male flesh ripple, sweat, grunt and groan.

And plenty was exhibited. Besides the six foreign ladies, four native performers joined in the rousin' in various states of undress as the going got tough and eyes were rolled back. The girls are Mildred Burke, 30, of the United States, who claims to be the toughest lady living, who tips the scales at 150 pounds and holds the world title, a veteran of 15 years in the wrestling ring; Mae Young, 24, 150 lbs., New York State Champion; Ruth Bonacelli, 20, blonde, California ex-fashion model, 135 pounds, who is too good-looking to be in the rascal's ring; Gloria Barattini, 22, from Italy, a 135 pounder, also not at all of the deer-thriving

type; Mille Anderson, 25, 135 pounds, also removed from the common conception of bulging muscle work; and Rita Martinez, 29, who hails from Argentina, the darling of 100,000 fans south of the Rio Grande and South America's hope, another looker.

The top performer among the Japanese girls to compete was Sakiko Ikaru, 22, who tips the beam at 135 pounds. The others were Rose Katsumi, 24, 120 pounds; Masako Hashimoto, 21, 145 pounds and Kazuko Hashimoto, 22, 124 pounds.

The Japanese are said to have three to six years of ring experience.

In the third match of the evening, Gloria Barattini and Mae Young delighted fans by grabbing each other by the hair, throwing and kicking to their hearts' content.

So bitter was the dispute that, finding themselves outside the ring, they went at each other with fists and turned the scrap into a boxing match. As Mae made use of her long hair, the Italian brunette skillfully evaded the impact and won the bout by a fall.

In a special match, Rita tried an Irish whip (throwing by whipping an arm backward) on Mille, who countered with full Nelson and body-scissors. A spectacular scene was enacted when Rita took hold of her opponent by a leg and whirled her around the ring. With time up, the match ended in a draw.

Holder of the world title, Mildred Burke showed speed and varied technique, while Ruth Bonacelli attempted to get a full Nelson and headlock on her formidable opponent. Mildred's ring force, however, soon began to tell and, after throwing Ruth with Irish whips and rope work, won by a fall.

The tug match that followed was something to see. Mae and Ruth were pitted against Rita and Gloria and the four sweated and was expected to win her games comfortably.

The Malaysian girl played with great determination from the opening and after a few strong rallies had the English champion running all over the court with well executed drop shots. The wildly cheering Singapore crowd roared their support of the diminutive Malaysian girl and the English champion became more and more rattled and lost the second set after collecting only one point. Kiti Lin took the match in 16 minutes with scores of 11-4, 11-1.

Malaya's crack doubles combination of Ong Poh Lim and Ismail Marjan beat India's Seth and Nataraj in the comfortable margin of 10-6, 10-0.

Iris Cooley of England beat Perak champion Miss Tan Eng Looi 11-4, 11-4.

Sonerville, who has won two matches in two nights, will face Malaysian champion Ong Poh Lim to-night in a singles match. —United Press.

Caracas, Nov. 25. Italy won the World Clay Pigeon Shooting team title in the International Championships here today and established a world record with their score of 773 points.

The previous record had been set at 773 points by Sweden's team of Oslo in 1952.

The Swedish team this year was reported first in the Service Rifle team event with a total of 2,410 points, Yugoslavia second with 2,451 points and Finland third with 2,439 points.

Tied for second place in the Clay Pigeon team competition were Sweden and Egypt, both with a total of 701 points. They are to be opposed in an extra round to shoot out second and third places.

Fourth was the Soviet team with 707 points, fifth Norway with 740 points, sixth Canada with 708 points, seventh Cuba with 708 points, eighth Japan with 702 points, ninth Venezuela with 690 points, and tenth Colombia with 688 points.

The winning members of the Italian team were: Merlo, 197 points; Roscini, 136 points; Chiofalo, 191 points; and De Dominicis, 190 points. —France Press.

## PIRIE WINS



At Brussels last Saturday, the great English distance runner, Gordon Pirie, whose injuries kept him out of this year's European Championships, beat his formidable rival, Hungary's Jozsef Kovacs, in the Cross Country race known as the "Criterion of Aces." Kovacs was runner-up in the 10,000 Metres at the European Championships and has beaten Zatopek. —Agence France-Presse Photo.

## Royal H.K. Defence Force Orders

Serial No. 47. Orders By Colonel L. T. Ride, CBE, ED, Commandant, Royal Hongkong Defence Force. Dated November 23, 1954.

### Force Orders

At Discipline—Peak Rifle Range—No vehicles heavier than a Land Rover may approach the Peak Rifle Range by Hatched Road, or use Hatched Road for any other purpose.

### Force Headquarters

Int Platoon—Tuesday November 30, 1954. HQ RHKDF. 5.30 p.m. Dress: Plain Clothes.

Rece Platoon—Thursday December 2, 1954. HQ RHKDF. 5.30 p.m. Dress: Plain Clothes.

Week-end Scheme for NCOs. Details will be issued on parade on December 1, 1954.

Artillery—Field Troop—Advanced Class. Friday December 3, 1954. 5.30 a.m. Plain clothes. TARA III Class. Friday December 3, 1954. 5.30 a.m. Plain clothes. Signals. Monday November 29, 1954. 5.30 p.m. Signals Hut.

MPG. Plain clothes. C & B Troop: Monday November 29, 1954. Synthetic Exercise. Parade MPG. 5.15 p.m. Dress: Plain clothes.

### Hongkong Regiment

Training—D. Coy—Wednesday December 1, 1954. Drill. Discussion on camp. Parade MPG. 5.15 p.m. for transport to HQ. Dress: Drill Order.

### Home Guard

Training—Sunday November 28, 1954. HQ H.G. 8.45 a.m. for transport to Peak Range. Dress: Full over. G.O. trousers, gaiters, boots.

Bush beds will be carried. Thursday December 3, 1954. Range procedure and aiming practice. RV MPG. 5.30 p.m. Dress: Overall, belt, belt.

### R.K. Auxiliary Air Force

Trade Training—Flight Proctors. Thursday November 25, 1954. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Tuesday November 30, 1954. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Wednesday November 3, 1954. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Thursday November 4, 1954. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Friday November 5, 1954. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Saturday November 6, 1954. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Sunday November 7, 1954. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Monday November 8, 1954. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Tuesday November 9, 1954. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Wednesday November 10, 1954. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Thursday November 11, 1954. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Friday November 12, 1954. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Saturday November 13, 1954. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Sunday November 14, 1954. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Monday November 15, 1954. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Tuesday November 16, 1954. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Wednesday November 17, 1954. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Thursday November 18, 1954. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Friday November 19, 1954. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Saturday November 20, 1954. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Sunday November 21, 1954. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Monday November 22, 1954. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Tuesday November 23, 1954. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Wednesday November 24, 1954. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Thursday November 25, 1954. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Friday November 26, 1954. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Saturday November 27, 1954. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Sunday November 28, 1954. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Monday November 29, 1954. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Tuesday November 30, 1954. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Wednesday December 1, 1954. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Thursday December 2, 1954. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Friday December 3, 1954. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Saturday December 4, 1954. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Sunday December 5, 1954. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Monday December 6, 1954. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Tuesday December 7, 1954. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Wednesday December 8, 1954. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Thursday December 9, 1954. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Friday December 10, 1954. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Saturday December 11, 1954. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Sunday December 12, 1954. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Monday December 13, 1954. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Tuesday December 14, 1954. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Wednesday December 15, 1954. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Thursday December 16, 1954. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Friday December 17, 1954. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Saturday December 18, 1954. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Sunday December 19, 1954. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Monday December 20, 1954. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Tuesday December 21, 1954. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Wednesday December 22, 1954. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Thursday December 23, 1954. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Friday December 24, 1954. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Saturday December 25, 1954. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Sunday December 26, 1954. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Monday December 27, 1954. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Tuesday December 28, 1954. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Wednesday December 29, 1954. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Thursday December 30, 1954. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Friday December 31, 1954. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Saturday January 1, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Sunday January 2, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Monday January 3, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Tuesday January 4, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Wednesday January 5, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Thursday January 6, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Friday January 7, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Saturday January 8, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Sunday January 9, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Monday January 10, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Tuesday January 11, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Wednesday January 12, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Thursday January 13, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Friday January 14, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Saturday January 15, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Sunday January 16, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Monday January 17, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Tuesday January 18, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Wednesday January 19, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Thursday January 20, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Friday January 21, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Saturday January 22, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Sunday January 23, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Monday January 24, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Tuesday January 25, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Wednesday January 26, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Thursday January 27, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Friday January 28, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Saturday January 29, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Sunday January 30, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Monday January 31, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Tuesday February 1, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Wednesday February 2, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Thursday February 3, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Friday February 4, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Saturday February 5, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Sunday February 6, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Monday February 7, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Tuesday February 8, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Wednesday February 9, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Thursday February 10, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Friday February 11, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Saturday February 12, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Sunday February 13, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Monday February 14, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Tuesday February 15, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Wednesday February 16, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Thursday February 17, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Friday February 18, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Saturday February 19, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Sunday February 20, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Monday February 21, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Tuesday February 22, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Wednesday February 23, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Thursday February 24, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Friday February 25, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Saturday February 26, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Sunday February 27, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Monday February 28, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Tuesday February 29, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Wednesday February 30, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Thursday March 1, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Friday March 2, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Saturday March 3, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Sunday March 4, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Monday March 5, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Tuesday March 6, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Wednesday March 7, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Thursday March 8, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Friday March 9, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Saturday March 10, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Sunday March 11, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Monday March 12, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Tuesday March 13, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Wednesday March 14, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Thursday March 15, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Friday March 16, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Saturday March 17, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Sunday March 18, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Monday March 19, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Tuesday March 20, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Wednesday March 21, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Thursday March 22, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Friday March 23, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Saturday March 24, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Sunday March 25, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Monday March 26, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Tuesday March 27, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Wednesday March 28, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Thursday March 29, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Friday March 30, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Saturday March 31, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Sunday April 1, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Monday April 2, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Tuesday April 3, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Wednesday April 4, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Thursday April 5, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Friday April 6, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Saturday April 7, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Sunday April 8, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Monday April 9, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Tuesday April 10, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Wednesday April 11, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Thursday April 12, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Friday April 13, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Saturday April 14, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Sunday April 15, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Monday April 16, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Tuesday April 17, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Wednesday April 18, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Thursday April 19, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Friday April 20, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Saturday April 21, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Sunday April 22, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Monday April 23, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Tuesday April 24, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Wednesday April 25, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Thursday April 26, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Friday April 27, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Saturday April 28, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Sunday April 29, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Monday April 30, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Tuesday May 1, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Wednesday May 2, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Thursday May 3, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Friday May 4, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Saturday May 5, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Sunday May 6, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Monday May 7, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Tuesday May 8, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Wednesday May 9, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Thursday May 10, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Friday May 11, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Saturday May 12, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Sunday May 13, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Monday May 14, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Tuesday May 15, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Wednesday May 16, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Thursday May 17, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Friday May 18, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Saturday May 19, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Sunday May 20, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Monday May 21, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Tuesday May 22, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Wednesday May 23, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Thursday May 24, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Friday May 25, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Saturday May 26, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Sunday May 27, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Monday May 28, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Tuesday May 29, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Wednesday May 30, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Thursday May 31, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Friday June 1, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Saturday June 2, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Sunday June 3, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Monday June 4, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Tuesday June 5, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Wednesday June 6, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Thursday June 7, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Friday June 8, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Saturday June 9, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Sunday June 10, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Monday June 11, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Tuesday June 12, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Wednesday June 13, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Thursday June 14, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Friday June 15, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Saturday June 16, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Sunday June 17, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Monday June 18, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Tuesday June 19, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Wednesday June 20, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Thursday June 21, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Friday June 22, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Saturday June 23, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Sunday June 24, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Monday June 25, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Tuesday June 26, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Wednesday June 27, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Thursday June 28, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Friday June 29, 1955. 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Saturday June 30, 195



# P&O B.I. E&A COMPANIES

PENINSULAR &amp; ORIENTAL S.N. CO.

## PASSENGER/FREIGHT SERVICE

Outwards	Leaves London	Due Hongkong
"CORFU"	14th December	14th December
"CANTON"	21st	10th Jan., 1955
"CHUSAN"	2nd Feb.	10th Jan., 1955
"CARTHAGE"	11th Feb.	14th Feb.

Via Southampton, Port Said, Aden, Bombay, Colombo, Penang &amp; Singapore

Homewards	Leaves Hongkong	Due London
"CORFU"	17th December	17th Jan., 1955
"CANTON"	14th Jan., 1955	14th Feb., 1955
"CHUSAN"	2nd Feb.	2nd March
"CARTHAGE"	11th Feb.	14th

Via Singapore, Penang, Colombo, Bombay, Aden, Port Said &amp; London

\* Also calls Marseilles.

## FREIGHT SERVICE

"SUNDA"	leaves 19th Dec	for Spore, P. Swettenham, Penang, Colombo, Aden, Port Said, Genoa, Marseilles, Havre, London, Antwerp, Rotterdam & Hamburg
"BOUDAN"	due 23rd Dec	from U.K. Continent via Straits
	leaves 10th Jan	for same ports as "SUNDA" above

With liberty to call at Belawan before or after Straits Ports and at Bombay if inducement offers.

Tanks available for carriage of Oil in Bulk. Space for refrigerated cargo. Limited Passenger accommodation.

## BRITISH INDIA S.N. CO., LTD.

"WARLA"	due 10th Dec	from Japan
	sails 11th Dec	for Singapore, Rangoon, Calcutta & Chittagong
"SANGOLA"	due 20th Dec	from Calcutta, Rangoon & Straits
	sails 21st Dec	for Japan

## P. &amp; O.B. I. JOINT SERVICE

"OBRA"	due 1st Dec	from Japan
	sails 20th Nov	for Singapore, Penang, U.S. & Karachi, Bombay, Aden, Khartoum, Suez, Port Said, Genoa, Marseilles & Havre
"ORDIA"	due 11 Dec	from P.G. & Karachi

## EASTERN &amp; AUSTRALIAN S.S. CO., LTD.

"NANKIN"	due 10th Dec	from Japan
	sails 7th Dec	for Singapore, Penang, U.S. & Karachi, Bombay, Aden, Khartoum, Suez, Port Said, Genoa, Marseilles & Havre

All vessels have liberty to call at any ports on or off the route &amp; the route &amp; sailing are subject to change or amendment with or without notice.

For full particulars apply to:  
**MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.**  
 OF HONG KONG LTD.  
 Telephone Nos. 27721-4.

## CHINA MAIL

HONGKONG  
 PUBLISHED DAILY  
 (AFTERNOON)  
 Price, 20 cents per copy,  
 Saturday 30 cents,  
 Subscription: \$5.00 per month.

Postage: China and Macao \$5.00 per month, U.K. British Possessions and other countries \$7.00 per month.  
 News contributions, always welcome, should be addressed to the Editor, business communications and advertisements to the Secretary.  
 Telephone: 1211 (3 Lines).  
 KOWLOON OFFICE:  
 Salisbury Road,  
 Telephone: 1213.

### Classified Advertisements

20 WORDS \$4.00  
 for 1 DAY PREPAID

ADDITIONAL INSERTIONS  
 \$1.50 PER DAY  
 10 cents PER WORD OVER 20

Births, Deaths, Marriages,  
 Personal \$5.00 per insertion  
 not exceeding 25 words, 25  
 cents each additional word.

ALTERNATE INSERTIONS  
 10% EXTRA  
 If not prepaid a booking fee  
 of 50 cents is charged.

## FOR SALE

BRITISH MADE children's shoes up  
 to \$10.50 pair. Also men's shoes  
 Hongkong Shanghai Bazaar,  
 Causeway Bay (opposite Capitol  
 Theatre)

## WANTED KNOWN

DR. SCHOLL'S Foot Comfort  
 Service Telephone Room, (Miz-  
 nine) Hongkong, helps you enjoy  
 work and play better. Qualified  
 Chiropodist in attendance.

MORFAT WHIPPING for all party  
 occasions. It is an excellent Whip-  
 ping Cream at a most reasonable  
 price. 11 oz. tin \$1.20, 5 1/2 oz. 50 cts.  
 Also Morfat 20 x fine table Cream—  
 11 oz. tin \$1.20. Obtainable at all  
 grocers.

## MUSICAL

MAYFAIR MUSIC COMPANY have  
 a large selection of brass band in-  
 struments, music publications, new  
 and reconditioned upright and grand  
 pianos, price very reasonable. 20,  
 Chiu Lung Street, Telephone 2713.

## NOTICE

### THE HONGKONG ELECTRIC COMPANY, LIMITED

## Notice To Shareholders

Notice is hereby given that an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Members of the Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, 4th floor, P. & O. Building, on Thursday, the 23rd day of December, 1954 at 11 a.m. for the purpose of considering and if thought fit passing the following Resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:—

"That it is desirable that the agency agreement entered into with Messrs. Gibb, Livingston & Company, Limited dated 13th November, 1947 be terminated and the Board of Directors of The Hongkong Electric Company, Limited be and are hereby authorised to offer the sum of \$5,000, 000.00 as compensation to the said Messrs. Gibb, Livingston & Company, Limited in consideration of the total abandonment of all the contractual rights under the agreement dated 13th November, 1947, and that if the offer be accepted, the Board of Directors of The Hongkong Electric Company, Limited be authorised to enter into a Deed of Cession with Messrs. Gibb, Livingston & Company, Limited giving effect to the said arrangements for the termination of the Agency."

By Order of the Board of Directors,  
 W. STOKER,  
 General Manager.

Hong Kong,  
 Tuesday, 23rd November, 1954.

## TRAWLER'S TOW-LINE PARTS

St John's, Nov. 25.  
 The Department of Transport reported today that its Cape Race radio station had learned that a tow-line between a distressed British trawler and a Dutch tanker had parted.

The tanker Elizabeth, reached the fishing trawler Dvora last night and put one line aboard in near-hurricane weather about 400 miles east of St John's. The line snapped, however, and all efforts to put another tow-line aboard the Dvora failed because the British seamen were reported too exhausted to handle the line.

The Department of Transport said the weather in the area was now improving and a U.S. Coast Guard cutter, not yet identified, had reached the scene.

The Dvora ran out of fuel last Tuesday while on a voyage from Liverpool, England, to Sydney, Nova Scotia, where she was to join the Mercury Fisheries Limited fishing fleet. She is a converted wartime corvette and is about 530 tons.—United Press.

London, Nov. 25.  
 The Queen Mother attended the wedding here today of Mr Anthony Berry, youngest son of the British newspaper magnate, Viscount Kemsley, to Miss Mary Roch, elder daughter of Lord and Lady Ferny.

The bridegroom, 29, became a director of Kemsley Newspapers earlier this year. The bride is 20.

## MESSAGERIES MARITIMES

P.O. Box 53 Queen's Building Tel: 26631

## FAST PASSENGER/FREIGHT SERVICE

"LAOS" ..... sailing Dec. 3rd  
 "VIETNAM" ..... sailing Dec. 31st

## FAST FREIGHT SERVICE

"BIR HAKEIM" ..... sailing Dec. 21st  
 "MEKONG" (1) ..... sailing Jan. 5th  
 (1) will call at London

## Break Imminent In American Spy Investigations

Washington, Nov. 25.

A break is imminent in the Justice Department's investigation into wartime Soviet espionage rings here, it was disclosed today.

Informed sources told reporters that the Department had asked a New York judge to grant immunity from prosecution to a witness before one of its Grand Jury inquiries here or in Camden, New Jersey.

They said the judge's decision should be forthcoming within the next week or so.

If the judge grants the witness immunity, it will be the first such action taken under the recently-enacted immunity law. It was also anticipated that the testimony of the witness would lead to indictments in the long espionage investigation.

## CLOSE SECRET

The identity of the witness was a closely guarded Justice Department secret.

Since 1947, the Department has had under study charges by Elizabeth Bentley that she acted as a courier for at least two wartime Soviet espionage rings.

She named more than a score of government officials as having co-operated with the rings.

including Lauchlin Currie, wartime assistant to President Roosevelt, and the late Harry Dexter White, former Assistant Secretary of the Treasury.

A Federal Grand Jury in New York investigating Miss Bentley's charges in 1947 and 1948 but took no action. At the time, Justice Department prosecutors noted that there was no other witness or documentary evidence to corroborate Miss Bentley's charges.

Passage of the immunity law, however, prompted the Department to reopen its Grand Jury inquiry. Several accused individuals already have been called to testify.

## MUST TESTIFY FULLY

Under the new law, a Federal judge, at the request of the Justice Department, has authority to grant a Grand Jury witness immunity from prosecution in return for desired information. Once granted immunity, the witness would have to testify fully or face contempt of Court charges.

Justice Department officials have made it plain they will not seek immunity for any witness unless they are convinced there is a good chance he would co-operate with the government and had important information.—United Press.

## GUARDIAN DEFENDS CHURCHILL

London, Nov. 25.

Sir Winston Churchill was strongly defended in today's British press in the controversy over his statement that in 1945 he was prepared in an emergency to rearm the defeated Germans.

The British Prime Minister made this statement on Tuesday to his constituents in Woodford, Essex.

Yesterday's newspapers, led by the Independent Times, were unanimous in expressing dismay and hostility to the Churchill revelation, but today opinion was divided about the fundamental significance of his move in 1945.

Left-wing newspapers, like the mass circulation Daily Mirror, the Labour Daily Herald and the Communist Daily Worker today reiterated their opinions about the significance of Churchill's statement, but others defended him.

The Manchester Guardian, for example, claimed that some of the criticism of the Prime Minister suggested hypocrisy.

## ODDEST CHORUSES

This Liberal newspaper commented: "When the Prime Minister told his constituents his little anecdote about his telegram to Montgomery on the disposal of captured German arms he could hardly have foreseen that he would be denounced by the odder of press choruses—the Times, the Daily Herald, the Daily Mirror and the Daily Worker."

"Their common link seems to be the wish to force him out of office. The pretext they have chosen is hardly a creditable one."

"Sir Winston's bit of reminiscence was certainly all advised. The proper place for historical revelations is in context and against an authentic documentary background."

"If you take a document out of context it is courting danger—perhaps not in the academic world but inevitably in the unscrupulous political. But some of the strictures on him smack of hypocrisy."

"It is nonsense to pretend that an ending telegram to Montgomery and Eisenhower, Churchill was showing unwarrantable distrust of a loyal ally."

## HARD TO SWALLOW

"There was much in those early days of May 1945 to suggest that the Russians were out to grab as much for Communist as they could," the Manchester Guardian maintained.

"Of course, the hard thing to swallow is the conceivable use of German troops against the Russians—the rearming of the defeated enemy to withstand the invasion of a supposed ally. That has happened before in history."

"It seems in the light of today rather more horrible than it would have done if the conspiracy Churchill prepared against had arisen."

## NAZIS GONE

"The Nazis had gone: Hitler, Goebbels, Himmler and Goering were either dead or in custody; it would have been the use of German soldiers under Western command against an aggressor."

"It would have been a legitimate use of military force—the repulse of a Russian invasion of the West." The Manchester Guardian argued.

"As it happened the Russians did not move so quickly; they were allowed to push into the heart of the West not by their military force but through Allied withdrawal."

"They were permitted to erect their Iron Curtain and create their Communist empire behind it far beyond the line of their military advance."

"For that the lack of foresight by our military and Foreign Office leaders of the peace arrangements—for which the Prime Minister must take full responsibility—add the malice of the American President must be blamed."

"Churchill mistrusted the Russians more than did Roosevelt, who thought he could charm them like a group of college boys. Truman was too much under the spell of the Roosevelt legend yet to have found a mind of his own."

Eisenhower in his military rigidity deliberately ignored all political implications."

"The Americans in short had not then discovered the Communist danger," this newspaper declared.

"No one who reads the documents of those days can gainsay Churchill's amazing prescience on the danger of the Allied disharmony and on the nature of Communist aims."—China Mail Special.

## MARGARINE INVASION

Oslo, Nov. 25.

The small town of Mosjøen in Northern Norway is being "invaded" as thousands of people flock to "see" the "butter" in the town. The "butter" is a margarine which is being distributed by the State.

One hundred thousand people are expected to see the "butter" in the town. The "butter" is a margarine which is being distributed by the State.

### MANDRAKE THE MAGICIAN

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis



### FERD'NAND

By Mik



### NANCY

By Ernie Bushmiller



### JOHNNY HAZARD

By Frank Robbins



...this situation calls for a  
**San Miguel**

## EVERETT LINES

### EVERETT ORIENT LINE

Fast regular freight — refrigerator — passenger service to Korea, Japan, Philippines, Indo-China, Siam, Malaya, Rangoon, Calcutta and Chittagong.

## "BRADEVERETT"

Arrives Dec. 1 from Singapore.  
 Sails Dec. 2 for Kobe & Yokohama.

## "NOREVERETT"

Arrives Dec. 14 from Manila.  
 Sails Dec. 15 for Singapore, Penang, Rangoon & Calcutta.

(Accepting cargo for transshipment  
 Kobe/Fusan and Kobe/Okinawa)

### EVERETT STAR LINE

Fast regular freight — refrigerator — passenger service to Korea, Japan, Philippines, Indo-China, Siam, Malaya, Colombo, Bombay, Karachi and Persian Gulf.

## "THAI"

Arrives Dec. 8 from Singapore.  
 Sails Dec. 8 for Kobe & Yokohama.

## "STAR ARCTURUS"

Arrives Dec. 8 from Japan.  
 Sails Dec. 9 for Manila, Singapore, Madras, Colombo, Bombay, Karachi, Khorramshahr.

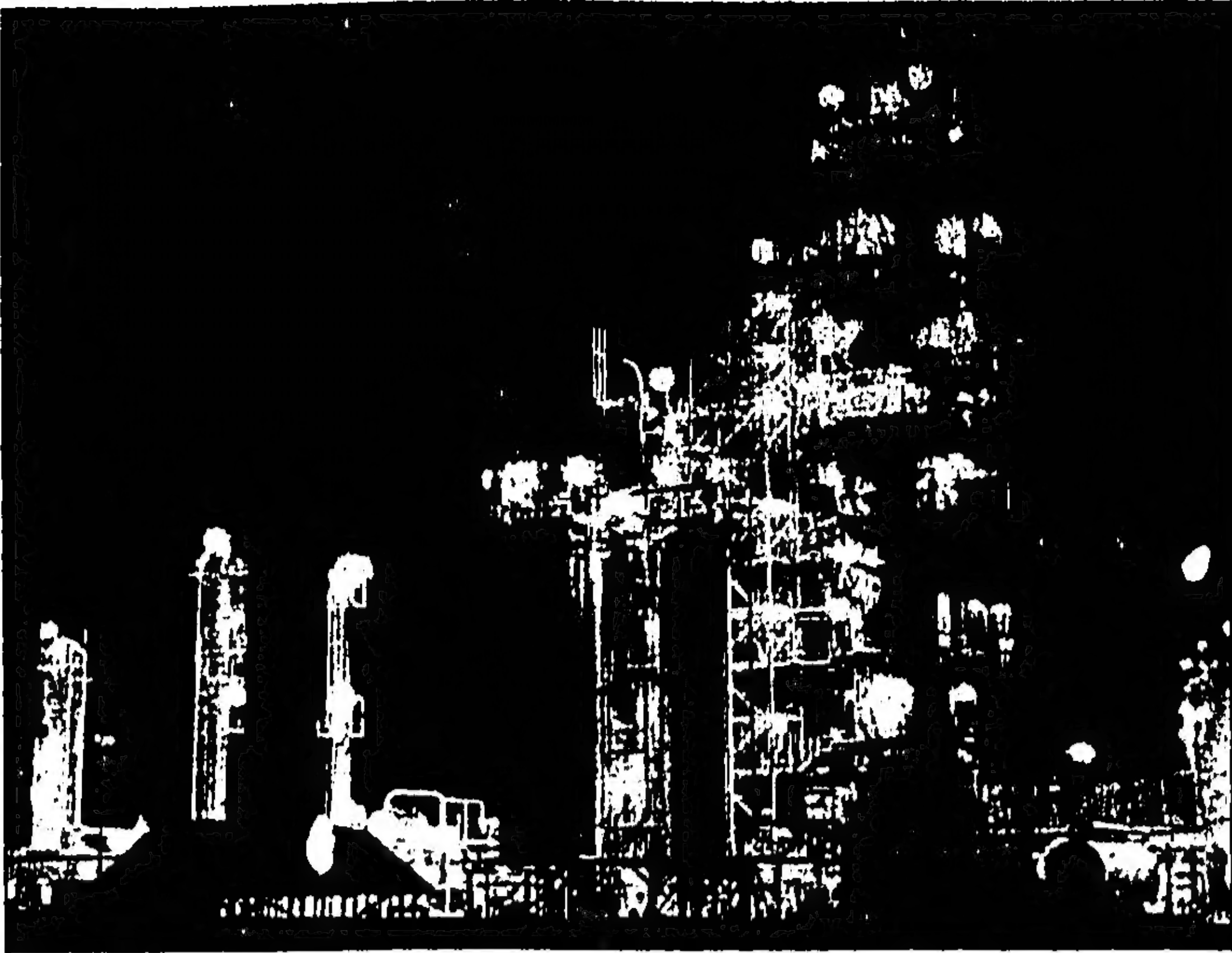
(Accepting cargo for transshipment  
 Kobe/Fusan and Kobe/Okinawa)

## EVERETT STEAMSHIP CORPORATION S/A

(Incorporated in the Republic of Panama,  
 with limited liability)  
 Chinese Department: Telephone 20291.  
 Queen's Building, Telephone 31206.



## THE LIGHTS OF PROGRESS



Like a Christmas tree ablaze with light is the new Kwinana Refinery being built near Fremantle, Western Australia, for Australian Petroleum Refineries, Limited, an associate of the Anglo-Iranian Oil Company. This is the Catalytic Cracker Plant for the production of components for high grade motor spirit. When completed early next year, well ahead of schedule, the plant will be capable of processing three million tons of crude oil annually for the Australian market. It will cost approximately £30 million sterling and will be the largest refinery in Australasia. The first tanker, bringing crude oil from the Persian Gulf, is due to berth at the refinery's oil port in the New Year.—Reuterphoto.

# Scientists Map Australia's Empty North

Melbourne, Nov. 25. Australian scientists, jolting in snub-nosed trucks and jeeps across hills and over seemingly endless plains, have mapped more than 300,000 square miles of Australia's empty North.

Since the war, they have made a broad geographical survey of the vast area, more than three times the total area of England, Wales, Scotland and Northern Ireland.

Then, they carried on the early effort of Australia's pioneers and explorers, many of whom died trying to cross the wastes which are now conquered by crawling convoys guided by photo-maps taken from the air.

This far-reaching land survey, which will provide a basis for planning possible development in this empty land, is supervised by joint grants from the Commonwealth, West Australian and Queensland Governments, and is carried out by teams from the Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organisation.

During the war, when the surge of Pacific fighting reached almost to Australia's northern shores, it was realised here that there were large blanks in the maps of the area, stretching right across the north of Australia from Cape York Peninsula, in Queensland, to the Kimberley, in Western Australia.

In 1946, the land-survey teams entered the area and began to build up a picture of large tracts of almost uninhabited country which now takes the form of maps, statistics and scores of photographs.

Scientists, specialists in many fields of work, joined land-survey parties to look into problems of geology, soils and climate.

For three to five months of each year, the scientists and surveyors work in the field obtaining data and taking readings. For the remaining period, they return to their offices to digest the mass of information they discover.

The scientists carry out the survey like a military operation. Before the teams enter the field, "general" plot routes from air photographs, which often provide the only basis for navigation across country which has few, if any, landmarks in hundreds of miles.

Meanwhile, in remote parts of the north, mechanics and drivers prepare the heavy army-type vehicles used in the survey.

Other workers gather stocks of medical supplies, spare parts, radios, scientific equipment and the tons of provisions needed for the mobile kitchens.

When the survey begins, the convoys set out for base camps selected from the air photographs. Other parties work across country examining plants and rocks and collecting other information. The map-makers continually transfer the miles from the speedometer readings to their preliminary charts.

Sketch-batted scientists and workers, strapped to the waist in the tropical sun and their thin, quack vehicles make up a picture similar to that of the desert columns which probed Libya during the war.

There are hundreds of monotonous miles of tufted Mitchell grass plains of the blackly tableland, and hundreds more miles of bare, stony ground where the only landmarks are the windmills ceaselessly pumping water from artesian bores to keep stock alive.

But north of the Barkly tableland, the country is rolling and wooded, while round Katherine in the Northern Territory, there are grasslands with open forests.

Fellow scientists conducting plant experiments have grown cotton and rice in this country.

In contrast to the dry areas, surveys on horseback have had to splash through seasonal floods in some of the coastal districts near Darwin.

The ultimate aim of the survey is to build up a description of the land which divides it into regional classifications of districts with similar climate, soil and geological characteristics. These areas are described and mapped.

From the information available, it is then possible to estimate the possibilities for development in the different regions.

Areas in which there is a recognisable, recurring pattern of soils, vegetation and surface features are termed "land systems." Within these, there are subdivisions called "land units" and where man's occupation has made its presence felt, it is also possible to divide the regions into "land-use groups."

The survey has mapped between 20 and 40 land systems and between 5 and 10 land-use groups. These new concepts of land survey have aroused interest

oversens, according to the research organisation.

An overseas geographer called the survey one of the most comprehensive in the world.

At present, teams are working in the area south of the Gulf of Carpentaria, in Queensland and in the Kimberley of Western Australia. They have about half-completed their task in Australia's north.

In New Guinea, a similar survey is in progress. But there conditions are much more difficult and scientists have to use teams of native bearers to push into jungle-clad mountains.

In the first season, teams surveyed the Buna-Kokoda area, scene of desperate battles during the New Guinea campaign. The teams will tackle another area this year.

A laconic sentence in an official report gives an indication of the size of the task. It says: "The survey of the whole of the territories will require many years for completion."—China Mail Special.

## Netherlands Economy Improves

Paris, Nov. 25. The economic position of the Netherlands has improved to such an extent that she can now join any general advance toward convertibility, according to a survey published today by the Organisation for European Economic Co-operation (OEEC).

"To a very large extent disinflation against dollar imports has already been abandoned and the progress of exports suggests that Netherlands goods and services are highly competitive with those of other countries in both the dollar and non-dollar areas," the survey says.

It adds that Government policy has successfully met the two main requirements of Dutch economic policy—ensuring that Netherlands goods remain fully competitive abroad while expansion of internal activity is promoted. These objectives have to be fulfilled as the Netherlands is highly dependent on foreign trade while at the same time its working population is expanding rapidly, the survey adds.—Reuter.

# U.S. SUGAR MARKET

## Philippines Object To Cuban Quota Demands

Washington, Nov. 25. Philippine sugar representatives joined today in widespread objection to Cuban demands of 50 per cent of the United States sugar market, an increase of an estimated 1,300,000 tons.

Opposition to Cuba's recent request to the State Department has already been expressed by Puerto Rican and other domestic producers.

In turn, the Filipinos are asking that they be restored to their prewar share of 15.4 per cent, which would give them about 200,000 tons over their present quota of about 900,000 tons.

Dr. Jose Romero, former Philippine Ambassador to Great Britain now representing the Philippine Sugar Association here, disclosed this position in a statement to the United Press.

It was learned reliably that the Philippine position is being pressed on the State Department in the course of current negotiations for revision of the trade treaty between the two countries.

### SALIENT FEATURE

In fact, the sugar question is regarded by both parties as the salient feature of the talks and possibly one where there exists wildest disagreement between the delegations, according to qualified sources.

It became a major issue this year, when for the first time since the end of the war Philippine production not only met its quota requirement with the United States but also exported 200,000 tons surplus. Last year, production was about 100,000 tons below the 900,000-ton quota.

Mr. Romero argued that the surplus could be entirely absorbed if the United States were to agree to return to the situation existing before the Bell Trade Act of 1946 which is the one currently under revision. It was then that the Philippines received 15.4 per cent of total United States consumption.

## Japan-Burma Rice Negotiations

Tokyo, Nov. 25. Japan and Burma today opened talks for the conclusion of a contract for Japanese purchase of Burmese rice for the 1955 crop year.

The meeting was held at the Foreign Office here.

In his opening speech, Bu Min-ang, Burma's Minister for Public Works and Rehabilitation, pointed out his country's dependence on rice exports, and said that his delegation would give "careful consideration" to any measures which would secure a "greater rice consumption in Japan and a consequential increase in rice imports from Burma."

The Minister is head of a four-man Burmese delegation to the talks.

Kichiro Asakura, Japanese Foreign Office Economic Affairs Bureau chief, expressed hope that the talks "will ensure as smoothly smooth transaction for this crop year" as during the last.—United Press.

## LONDON WOOL TOP MARKET

London, Nov. 25. Wool tops futures market closed very steady; near months were up a penny or so and distant months as much as 3 pence. Turnover was 155 contracts.

Closing prices were in pence per lb.:

Dec.	125-127
Jan.	127-127 1/2
Feb.	127-127 1/2
Mar.	127-127 1/2
Apr.	127-127 1/2
May	127-127 1/2
June	127-127 1/2
July	127-127 1/2
Aug.	127-127 1/2
Sept.	127-127 1/2
Oct.	127-127 1/2
Nov.	127-127 1/2
Dec.	127-127 1/2
Jan.	127-127 1/2
Feb.	127-127 1/2
Mar.	127-127 1/2
Apr.	127-127 1/2
May	127-127 1/2

## LONDON LEAD AND ZINC

London, Nov. 25. The copper market was easier. Turnover totalled 450 tons of which 25 tons were for cash.

The lead and zinc markets were steady. Prices closed today in sterling per long ton at the end of the unofficial session in the afternoon as follows:

Copper spot	25 1/2
3-month	25 1/2
Lead spot	22 1/2
3-month	22 1/2
Zinc spot	22 1/2
3-month	22 1/2

# TRADE and COMMERCE SECTION

## Brazilian F.E. Mission

Rio de Janeiro, Nov. 25. The Commercial Mission to Europe, headed by the Brazilian Minister of Commerce, is expected to leave for Europe tomorrow. The mission will visit both Japan and China if possible. It is estimated that Brazilian export volume might be increased by a billion dollars within two years.—United Press.

## World Cotton Markets

Karachi, Nov. 25. The raw cotton market was steady on rumors of Far East business and local mill buying. It was understood that about 2,000 bales of business was done with Hongkong for NT roller at rupees 950 per candy, F. O. B. The rumors about Red Chinese cotton were denied by one of the leading shippers connected with China. Closing prices in rupees per maund were:

4-F Sind roller-ginned	75
200 PNT, Sind, roller-ginned	74
200 PNT, Sind, roller-ginned	74
200 PNT, Sind, roller-ginned	74

### LIVERPOOL

Future closings, American middling, 15/16 inch, in pence per lb. were as follows:

Dec./Jan.	31.20-31.25
Mar./Apr.	32.00
May/June	32.10
July/Aug.	32.15
Oct./Nov.	31.80

### SAO PAULO

Prices of futures, in cruzeiros per kilo, closed today as follows:

Dec.	21.50
Mar.	21.40
May	21.30
July	21.20
Oct.	21.10

## ZURICH FOREIGN EXCHANGE

Zurich, Nov. 25. Closing rates of the Zurich Exchange Market were as follows:

London	1147
Paris	1144
Cairo	1120
Amsterdam	1095
New York	420

## Slight Changes In Prices On HK Stock Exchange

From A Special Correspondent

Apart from the sharp rise in Banks to \$1,890 and the rise in Wharves this week, there have been only slight changes in prices on the Hongkong Stock Exchange and the undertone remained quietly steady.

There was some light scale profit-taking earlier but on the week prices show only fractional changes. Brokers say that the heavy remittances to the Colony appear to have tapered off and buyers appear to be more selective.

The wharves rise, for instance, brokers believe at the moment, this share is attractive as a long-term investment; but there is no suggestion that buyers are anticipating an increased dividend. Brokers point out that if trade improves between Hongkong and the mainland the shares are bound to rise. Depending on how much of the pre-Korean war trade the Colony regains, some people in Ice House Street think the shares may go as high as \$180. So it's a share worth sitting on, in their view.

## BANKS CLIMB UP

Banks climbed up on the better rates prevailing in London. They moved up \$3 last Friday and although they have slipped 10/- since, they are holding steady at \$105.

Electricians announced this week that they intend to offer—with shareholders' approval—the not inconsiderable sum of \$3 million to Gibb Livingston for relinquishment of the agreement under which they were appointed General Agents of Hongkong Electric. The shares rose about 75 cents on the strength of this announcement.

The company claims that the cash payment will not cause any undue strain on its resources. They may be so, but Ice House Street wonders what the chances are now? If the increased final dividend is paid, the company would pay more next year. Brokers' books to yesterday seem to feel that while they could still pay more, they probably won't, especially since Lights did not increase their dividend the previous week.

Daily turnover, have been moderately up, light, around under the million mark.

# CANADIAN NEWSPRINT MARKET

Montreal, Nov. 25. The Newsprint Association of Canada estimated tonight that Canada would sell 4,876,000 tons of newsprint to the United States in 1954, about 82 per cent of the total newsprint produced in Canada.

The estimate was contained in a booklet on world newsprint conditions which painted an optimistic picture of growing demand and rising production with the North American market alone taking some 6,500,000 tons of newsprint this year, almost 2,000,000 tons more than in 1949.

The Newsprint Association said Canadian mills were likely to supply the United States with 4,850,000 to 5,000,000 tons of newsprint in 1955, approximately the same as this year.

## EUROPEAN MARKET

In reviewing the optimistic state of the newsprint industry today, the NAC said European consumers would take about 2,800,000 tons in 1954, more than double their total in 1949. Supplies to all other nations would reach 2,600,000 tons again double the 1949 level, it said. The Association said, based on current estimates for 1955, world production and supply would exceed 12,000,000 tons, more than 4,000,000 tons above pre-war levels.

It predicted production increases in 21 of the 30 countries producing newsprint outside the Soviet bloc nations, about which little is known. Canada alone will contribute 43 per cent of the increase of 240,000 tons. Newsprint consumption gains are expected to be widely spread over a long list of countries, "particularly those in Europe where there has been such a marked economic upsurge."—United Press.

## TODAY'S SHARE PRICES

(From Our Correspondent)

Business done on the Hongkong Stock Exchange this morning amounted to \$483,197.50. Noon quotations and the morning's transactions:

### SHARES BUYERS SELLERS SALES

BANKS	1070
HK Banks	1070
INSURANCES	1070
Union	40
Lombard	40
Underwriters	0.20

### DOCKS, ETC.

K. Wharf	73
Dock	20 1/2
Provident (O)	14.00
Wheelock KD	6.93

### LAND, ETC.

HK Hotel	13.20
HK Land	63
Humphreys	22.50
Realty	2.10

### UTILITIES

Tram	18.70
Star Ferry	137
Yau Ma Tei	103
Ferry	103
C. Light (O)	10.00
C. Light (N)	13.20
Electric	30
Macao Elec.	11.20
Telephone	29.60

### INDUSTRIALS

Cement	35
35 1/2	2000
Rope	18.20

### STORIES, ETC.

Dairy K. Rts.	23
Watson	14.20
L. Crawford	14.00

### COTTONS

Textile Corps	8.00
Nanyang KD	9.00

### MISCELLANEOUS

Yangtze	5.50
Alied	4.20

## LONDON STOCK PRICES

London, Nov. 25. Prices closed on the London Stock Exchange today as follows:

War Loan 3 1/2%	230 11/16
Japan 6 1/2% (1924)	42 1/2
Canadian 6 1/2%	42 1/2
Associated Manufacturers	43 1/2
Dominion Bonds	43 1/2
Harmony Gold Mining	29 1/2
President Bank Gold Mining	73 1/2
Anglo-American Corp. S.	16 1/2
New Union Goldfields	6 1/2
De Beers Consolidated	117 1/2
Rhodesian Anglo-American	72 1/2
Rhodesian Broken Hill	12 1/2

## London Foreign Exchange

London, Nov. 25. New York ..... 1.78 1/2-1.79 1/2

Montreal	1.78 1/2-1.79 1/2
Amsterdam	10.80-10.85
Brussels	135.2 1/2-135.60
Hamburg	10.80-10.85
Copenhagen	20.0 1/2-20.0 1/2
Paris	77 1/2-77 1/2
Stockholm	14.00-14.00

Sterling was again under pressure but at 1.15 p.m., when it had reached the above rate, the authorities intervened and put a floor under it at that point.—United Press.

## Exchange Rates

Business was done in the local exchange market this morning. The following rates were obtained:

US dollar (per \$1)	1.78 1/2
Swiss franc (per 100)	135.2 1/2
German mark (per 100)	135.2 1/2
Japanese yen (per 100)	135.2 1/2
Indian rupee (per 100)	135.2 1/2



**SHANKS & CO., LTD.**  
SANITARY EQUIPMENT  
ENGINEERING EQUIPMENT CO. LTD.  
R.M. & Shanghai Bank Bldg. Tel. 29789

# CHINA MAIL

**Sheaffer's**  
"SNORKEL"

Page 10

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 26, 1954.

## Russia Plans To Go Ahead With Security Conference

Moscow, Nov. 25.

The Communist bloc countries appeared today to have decided to go ahead with the Soviet proposal to hold a European security conference in Moscow — despite the certainty that the non-Communist countries would stay away.

This was the view of diplomats here following an official news conference at which the Soviet Union and Czechoslovak delegations had been seen. They include top level leaders, among them the Czech Prime Minister, Mr. Vilem Smolky.

The diplomats thought the conference would open here next Monday as originally proposed by Russia in a note to the Western countries on November 13 or perhaps a few days later. Confirmation was unobtainable from the Soviet Foreign Ministry.

**LITTLE DOUBT**  
But well informed sources thought there could be little doubt that the Soviet Union was preparing an elaborate conference at which Mr. Molotov's plans for a European security treaty would be given the fullest publicity with the aid of the Eastern bloc's wide radio propaganda network.

These sources thought the conference would be used

primarily as a propaganda platform for the Russian security treaty plan originally put forward by Mr. Molotov at the Berlin conference.

**WESTERN NOTE**  
Paris, Nov. 25. France will propose certain minor amendments to the latest note from Soviet Russia now being drafted by experts of the three Powers in London, a French Foreign Office spokesman said here today.

The amendments are being made in the light of French Premier Pierre Mendes-France's speech to the United Nations four days ago when he proposed a four-Power conference with Russia to be held in May in Paris, the spokesman said.

Usually well-informed diplomatic sources here said today that the Western Powers' reply to Russia would probably be handed to the Soviet Government before Monday.

Diplomatic sources said the reply would indicate the conditions in which the four-Power conference as proposed by M. Mendes-France might take place. But it suggested neither a date nor the site for such a meeting, the sources said.

In London, Tribune, "Bevanite" weekly, today called for "wholehearted backing from the British Labour Party for the proposal for a four-Power conference with Russia in Paris next May."

The proposal was put forward recently by M. Pierre Mendes-France, the French Prime Minister, at the United Nations General Assembly. — Reuter

**ITALY'S REPLY**  
Rome, Nov. 25. Italy has rejected Russia's invitation to an all Europe security conference before the ratification of the Paris agreement, the Foreign Minister, Professor Gaetano Martino, announced tonight.

Professor Martino said Italy considered that conditions for the conference laid down by the Soviet Government "would nullify its usefulness and would constitute a danger to peace."

He said that such a conference could be held after ratification of the Paris agreement and after adequate preparation, including "individual acts of pacification." — Reuter

## SIDE GLANCES By Galbraith



"But how can I stop him? You're the one who encouraged him to improve himself by studying music!"

## MAN IN COURT FOR KILLING BIRDS

### Three Months' Gaol Or \$500 Fine

"If you hurt human beings they can protest, birds cannot: I sentence you to three months at hard labour!" ruled the Magistrate. Mr. Hin-shing Lo at Central this morning.

Chan Bui, a 19-year-old shopkeeper was found guilty of wanton discharge of a catapult after the Court heard the evidence of Francis Rozza Pereira, owner of three dead and maimed pigeons.

Mr. Pereira told His Worship that one of his pigeons was killed and two maimed by glass marbles shot at their cage by defendant.

**'NEVER LEFT MY POCKET'**  
Chan insisted that the catapult never left his pocket.

As Chan was being led down into the cells, Mr. Pereira showed the Magistrate three baskets containing the birds. At this, defendant was called up.

Mr. Lo then bound defendant over in \$200 for one year.

Chan, with tears in his eyes, mumbled that he had an aged father to support who was blind in one eye, and asked for the option of a fine.

The Magistrate considered this and said "The Court takes a serious view of your inhumanity towards the birds but it also thinks of your father."

Sentence was altered to \$500 or three months and Chan was additionally bound over in \$250 for one year.

## LETTER TO THE EDITOR

### The Shatin Bund

Sir,—I was most interested in your two pictorial stories on the flooding of rice fields at Shatin and your comments on the subject in your "Comment Of The Day" column.

I was the correspondent who originally drew attention to the daily flooding and who asked the authorities what they were doing about repairing the breach in the bund.

They did not reply to my inquiry. Nor did Shatin residents support me on a subject that could not have been without interest to them.

I was very much pleased, therefore, when I read your first report on the flooding, and the photographs your paper carried last month. They made the seriousness of the matter very clear. They were timely, too, as the slow wheels of Government needed some oiling.

Yesterday the Mail brought this subject to an end by reporting that the bund had been repaired and the flooding stopped.

Thank you very much for your initiative. It proves what can be done when a newspaper speaks of the good of the community.

TARDY.

## CHAIRMAN'S REVIEW OF ACTIVITIES OF WHELOCK MARDEN

The Chairman of Wheelock Marden & Co., Ltd, Mr G. E. Marden said at the annual meeting this morning it seemed there was abroad a generally more realistic appreciation of the Colony's position vis-a-vis its traditional trade with the mainland.

"When we met a year ago I told you that, although to a great extent confidence in the future of the Colony had been restored, there were many difficulties under which the Hongkong merchant was forced to labour. Whilst these difficulties have not lessened, they have been to some extent surrounded and the feet of the market, even if not confirmed by actual trade figures, has undoubtedly improved."

"There have been no changes in the views of the United States on the subject of trade with China, and the country's disavowal is applied to trade of all kinds including that permitted by the terms of the United Nations embargo. It would seem, however, that there is abroad generally a more realistic appreciation of the Colony's position vis-a-vis its traditional trade with the Mainland."

### GOVERNOR'S VISIT

"His Excellency, the Governor, has recently returned from a visit to the United States where his addresses, as reported in the press, delivered before various civic organizations will have done much to bring to the people of that country a realization of the true position of the Colony. It may, as a result, be more widely felt that our trading interests are not necessarily incompatible with any reasonable national needs or policies framed to meet particular situations."

"Important developments have occurred in the export trade of the Colony and I would like to place additional emphasis on a statement I made elsewhere to the effect that the interests of the Colony's industry ought not to be subordinated to those of any other industrial area whatever. That Government is fully alive to this necessity is apparent."

"The freight market and, consequently, tonnage values improved somewhat during the year and since its close there has been a further steady advance. I made elsewhere to the effect that the interests of the Colony's industry ought not to be subordinated to those of any other industrial area whatever. That Government is fully alive to this necessity is apparent."

"The freight market and, consequently, tonnage values improved somewhat during the year and since its close there has been a further steady advance. I made elsewhere to the effect that the interests of the Colony's industry ought not to be subordinated to those of any other industrial area whatever. That Government is fully alive to this necessity is apparent."

"The freight market and, consequently, tonnage values improved somewhat during the year and since its close there has been a further steady advance. I made elsewhere to the effect that the interests of the Colony's industry ought not to be subordinated to those of any other industrial area whatever. That Government is fully alive to this necessity is apparent."

"The freight market and, consequently, tonnage values improved somewhat during the year and since its close there has been a further steady advance. I made elsewhere to the effect that the interests of the Colony's industry ought not to be subordinated to those of any other industrial area whatever. That Government is fully alive to this necessity is apparent."

"The freight market and, consequently, tonnage values improved somewhat during the year and since its close there has been a further steady advance. I made elsewhere to the effect that the interests of the Colony's industry ought not to be subordinated to those of any other industrial area whatever. That Government is fully alive to this necessity is apparent."

"The freight market and, consequently, tonnage values improved somewhat during the year and since its close there has been a further steady advance. I made elsewhere to the effect that the interests of the Colony's industry ought not to be subordinated to those of any other industrial area whatever. That Government is fully alive to this necessity is apparent."

"The freight market and, consequently, tonnage values improved somewhat during the year and since its close there has been a further steady advance. I made elsewhere to the effect that the interests of the Colony's industry ought not to be subordinated to those of any other industrial area whatever. That Government is fully alive to this necessity is apparent."

"The freight market and, consequently, tonnage values improved somewhat during the year and since its close there has been a further steady advance. I made elsewhere to the effect that the interests of the Colony's industry ought not to be subordinated to those of any other industrial area whatever. That Government is fully alive to this necessity is apparent."

"The freight market and, consequently, tonnage values improved somewhat during the year and since its close there has been a further steady advance. I made elsewhere to the effect that the interests of the Colony's industry ought not to be subordinated to those of any other industrial area whatever. That Government is fully alive to this necessity is apparent."

"The freight market and, consequently, tonnage values improved somewhat during the year and since its close there has been a further steady advance. I made elsewhere to the effect that the interests of the Colony's industry ought not to be subordinated to those of any other industrial area whatever. That Government is fully alive to this necessity is apparent."

"The freight market and, consequently, tonnage values improved somewhat during the year and since its close there has been a further steady advance. I made elsewhere to the effect that the interests of the Colony's industry ought not to be subordinated to those of any other industrial area whatever. That Government is fully alive to this necessity is apparent."

"The freight market and, consequently, tonnage values improved somewhat during the year and since its close there has been a further steady advance. I made elsewhere to the effect that the interests of the Colony's industry ought not to be subordinated to those of any other industrial area whatever. That Government is fully alive to this necessity is apparent."

"The freight market and, consequently, tonnage values improved somewhat during the year and since its close there has been a further steady advance. I made elsewhere to the effect that the interests of the Colony's industry ought not to be subordinated to those of any other industrial area whatever. That Government is fully alive to this necessity is apparent."

"The freight market and, consequently, tonnage values improved somewhat during the year and since its close there has been a further steady advance. I made elsewhere to the effect that the interests of the Colony's industry ought not to be subordinated to those of any other industrial area whatever. That Government is fully alive to this necessity is apparent."

"The freight market and, consequently, tonnage values improved somewhat during the year and since its close there has been a further steady advance. I made elsewhere to the effect that the interests of the Colony's industry ought not to be subordinated to those of any other industrial area whatever. That Government is fully alive to this necessity is apparent."

"The freight market and, consequently, tonnage values improved somewhat during the year and since its close there has been a further steady advance. I made elsewhere to the effect that the interests of the Colony's industry ought not to be subordinated to those of any other industrial area whatever. That Government is fully alive to this necessity is apparent."

"The freight market and, consequently, tonnage values improved somewhat during the year and since its close there has been a further steady advance. I made elsewhere to the effect that the interests of the Colony's industry ought not to be subordinated to those of any other industrial area whatever. That Government is fully alive to this necessity is apparent."

"The freight market and, consequently, tonnage values improved somewhat during the year and since its close there has been a further steady advance. I made elsewhere to the effect that the interests of the Colony's industry ought not to be subordinated to those of any other industrial area whatever. That Government is fully alive to this necessity is apparent."

"The freight market and, consequently, tonnage values improved somewhat during the year and since its close there has been a further steady advance. I made elsewhere to the effect that the interests of the Colony's industry ought not to be subordinated to those of any other industrial area whatever. That Government is fully alive to this necessity is apparent."

and rayon spinning and weaving factories as well as merchandising and wholesale interests.

"With the acquisition of our former facilities the Company has become a well rounded entity and we look forward to its prosperity. Mr K. O. Boardman has become Chairman of the Company and K. O. Boardman, Marden & Co. Ltd, in which we and our associates have approximately a 25% interest, now owns some 40% of Leigh shares which are quoted on the London, Liverpool and Manchester Stock Exchanges."

"In connection with our associate, John D. Hutchison & Co. Ltd, we have become substantially interested with Messrs. Liddell Bros. & Co. Ltd in their timber concession in Sarawak. The well-known U.K. firm of timber merchants, Montague Mayer & Co. Ltd have been appointed Managers and it is hoped that when the effect of the consequent reorganization is felt, the exploitation of the concession will constitute a useful new activity. Messrs. John D. Hutchison have also become associated directly with Messrs. Liddell Bros. & Co. Ltd in the formation of Liddell Bros. (HK) Ltd.

**SUBSIDIARY ACQUIRED**  
"We have acquired a new subsidiary—Fagans (HK) Ltd which, in addition to certain merchandising activities, rounds off an aspect of our local insurance brokerage services, and Messrs. (Malaya) Ltd which complements to some extent the business of Shewan Tomes in Singapore."

"Since the close of the year we have added a London Insurance Brokerage House, which has been incorporated as Eldridge & Co. Ltd and we have very recently acquired a new subsidiary—Fagans (HK) Ltd which, in addition to certain merchandising activities, rounds off an aspect of our local insurance brokerage services, and Messrs. (Malaya) Ltd which complements to some extent the business of Shewan Tomes in Singapore."

"The reduction in other dividends is largely due to our decreased holdings as partly indicated by the large increase in profit on sale of investments."

"I may say in connection with this item that whilst it would be unrealistic to anticipate the regular accrual of large profits on such sales, they must not be looked upon as entirely fortuitous as an important part of our business consists of the development of suitable enterprises and the marketing of their securities."

"The expense side of the Profit and Loss Account calls only for comment in respect of the very substantial decrease in interest on overdraft. This contributed to the fact that the figure transferred to Appropriation Account reached \$3,700,000 as compared with \$4,150,000 last year."

**DIRECTORATE**  
"Since the close of the year Mr F. J. Horman-Fisher, who had been associated with us, first in Japan, since 1940, and joined the board after the war, was forced by ill health to leave the Far East and, although still a member of the board, he will be retiring from it and from the Company's service at the end of the year."

"His wide experience in shipping matters has been freely called upon during the whole of his association with us and much of the development of that side of our business has been due to him."

"Since the publication of the accounts, Mr J. D. Clague, C.B.E., M.C., has accepted an invitation to join the board. He is Managing Director of John D. Hutchison & Co. Ltd and has been closely associated with other of our associates where his energy and vision have been most valuable."

"The profit for the year was \$3,707,120 to which is added \$242,030, the balance brought forward from the previous year. The 10 per cent tax-free bonus absorbed \$3,000,000, leaving \$3,127,150 to be carried forward."

**ACCOUNTS ADOPTED**  
The meeting, after approving the dividend and bonus, unanimously adopted the statement of accounts.

Col. J. D. Clague, M.C., was elected a Director of the Company, while Messrs. J. D. Clague, C.B.E., M.C., and J. L. Marden, Director, were re-elected by rotation.

Messrs. Fagans (HK) Ltd, Messrs. Liddell Bros. & Co. Ltd, and Messrs. Montague Mayer & Co. Ltd were also re-elected by rotation.

Messrs. Liddell Bros. & Co. Ltd, Messrs. Montague Mayer & Co. Ltd, and Messrs. Fagans (HK) Ltd were also re-elected by rotation.

Messrs. Liddell Bros. & Co. Ltd, Messrs. Montague Mayer & Co. Ltd, and Messrs. Fagans (HK) Ltd were also re-elected by rotation.

Messrs. Liddell Bros. & Co. Ltd, Messrs. Montague Mayer & Co. Ltd, and Messrs. Fagans (HK) Ltd were also re-elected by rotation.

Messrs. Liddell Bros. & Co. Ltd, Messrs. Montague Mayer & Co. Ltd, and Messrs. Fagans (HK) Ltd were also re-elected by rotation.

Messrs. Liddell Bros. & Co. Ltd, Messrs. Montague Mayer & Co. Ltd, and Messrs. Fagans (HK) Ltd were also re-elected by rotation.

Messrs. Liddell Bros. & Co. Ltd, Messrs. Montague Mayer & Co. Ltd, and Messrs. Fagans (HK) Ltd were also re-elected by rotation.

Messrs. Liddell Bros. & Co. Ltd, Messrs. Montague Mayer & Co. Ltd, and Messrs. Fagans (HK) Ltd were also re-elected by rotation.

Messrs. Liddell Bros. & Co. Ltd, Messrs. Montague Mayer & Co. Ltd, and Messrs. Fagans (HK) Ltd were also re-elected by rotation.

Messrs. Liddell Bros. & Co. Ltd, Messrs. Montague Mayer & Co. Ltd, and Messrs. Fagans (HK) Ltd were also re-elected by rotation.

Messrs. Liddell Bros. & Co. Ltd, Messrs. Montague Mayer & Co. Ltd, and Messrs. Fagans (HK) Ltd were also re-elected by rotation.

Messrs. Liddell Bros. & Co. Ltd, Messrs. Montague Mayer & Co. Ltd, and Messrs. Fagans (HK) Ltd were also re-elected by rotation.

Messrs. Liddell Bros. & Co. Ltd, Messrs. Montague Mayer & Co. Ltd, and Messrs. Fagans (HK) Ltd were also re-elected by rotation.

Messrs. Liddell Bros. & Co. Ltd, Messrs. Montague Mayer & Co. Ltd, and Messrs. Fagans (HK) Ltd were also re-elected by rotation.

## JOHN CLARK'S CASEBOOK

### He wanted adventure

WHEN he left school, Edward enjoyed security in better measure than most of his contemporaries, though enjoyed is perhaps hardly the word to use in Edward's case.

His friends, when the school doors closed on them for the last time, had to find themselves jobs as best they could. For Edward, a job was ready. His stepfather welcomed him as a worker on his smallholding.

You ought to be grateful, lad," Edward's mother said to him, sensing that he was not.

"I suppose I should," Edward answered, and under his breath cursed the luck that had landed him where he was.

**THE FIRST STEP**  
FOR Edward wanted adventure.

He did not work long on the smallholding. There was a short scene, some sharp talk of ingratitude, and then Edward was given his freedom to find himself a job more to his liking—if he could. He soon did.

Edward got work as a labourer in a brickyard. It was not exciting work, but he had the satisfaction of doing a job that he had found for himself, and the pay of £7.8s. a week was reasonable for a 17-year-old.

After 18 months or so at the brickyard, Edward took the next step towards adventure. He signed on for 12 years in the Navy.

**LET-DOWN**  
NOW, indeed, life seemed to hold out pleasant prospects indeed. He went to work with a will, learning to be a sailor, and when his early training was over, the Navy made him an assistant steward. So when he was sent to sea, instead of carrying guns with shells, he spent his working hours serving officers with sherry.

Edward decided there was only one thing to do. He walked out of the naval base when he was stationed and made his way to London, and resumed his search for adventure under the bright lights of the West End.

He made friends or acquaintances there whose idea of adventure was to work as little as possible, and live as best they might by their wits. With two of these, Edward ran into trouble.

**THE CHASE**  
His friends suggested a car-drive into the country. The fact that they owned no car was a detail that hardly mattered. They helped themselves to a car that had been provisionally parked in a side-street.

They headed south-east, and in the early hours of the morning, discovered that a police car was on their tail.

"This is it," said the driver, and stepped on the throttle. But the police car drew ahead, harking the others off.

I MIGHT AS WELL TELL YOU EDWARD and his friends jumped out and ran. The police gave chase. Edward was caught as he tried to scale a wall. The others got away.

"I might as well tell you I'm a naval deserter," Edward said, when he had got his breath back.

He was charged with that at Bow Street later in the morning, and charged also with being concerned, in taking and driving away a car without the consent of its businessman owner.

The police told their story, and what they knew of Edward's history—from the days of the smallholding, to those of his assistant stewardship.

Edward, a dark-haired, good-looking 18-year-old, had nothing to add.

"You will be remanded for an escort," said the magistrate, Mr. E. G. Robey.

"Thank you, sir," said Edward. And he went away with his chin up. He had found adventure, though possibly not the best sort, and he was prepared to pay the price of it.

**Mail Notices**  
The Editor of the China Mail is not responsible for the contents of notices or advertisements published in this paper. Notices or advertisements published in this paper are subject to the usual conditions of publication. Notices or advertisements published in this paper are subject to the usual conditions of publication.

Notices or advertisements published in this paper are subject to the usual conditions of publication. Notices or advertisements published in this paper are subject to the usual conditions of publication.

Notices or advertisements published in this paper are subject to the usual conditions of publication. Notices or advertisements published in this paper are subject to the usual conditions of publication.

Notices or advertisements published in this paper are subject to the usual conditions of publication. Notices or advertisements published in this paper are subject to the usual conditions of publication.

Notices or advertisements published in this paper are subject to the usual conditions of publication. Notices or advertisements published in this paper are subject to the usual conditions of publication.

Notices or advertisements published in this paper are subject to the usual conditions of publication. Notices or advertisements published in this paper are subject to the usual conditions of publication.

Notices or advertisements published in this paper are subject to the usual conditions of publication. Notices or advertisements published in this paper are subject to the usual conditions of publication.

**Exclusive with Mode Elite**  
the happy ending to your secret dreams

**NEW PETER PAN FREEDOM RING**

**HIDDEN TREASURE and MERRY GO-ROUND** bias cut modern living bras in complete style, numbers and sizes. Also exclusively featuring the complete creations by "HOLLYWOOD MAXWELL", "LADY OF MARLENE" for deep contours, "LILY OF FRANCE" for artistic girdles, "DIANA and BEN JOLIE" for all-in-ones, "WISPEE" for waist control, "PIANTON" for party girdles, etc.

heel-hugging, too-free fit, complete flexibility soft toes no slip, no pop, no pinch.

Also "EXCLUSIVE" with MODE ELITE a dazzling world of "WONDERFUL SOFT IMPORTED FOOTWEAR" worn by so many of the world's most fashionable women. Just unpacked high fashioned footwear by "DELISO DEBS", "MADEMOISELLE", "VALENT", "JOYCE", "FOOTLAIRS", "RHYTHM STEP" etc. All these wonderful shoes are "FLEXIBLE" as above sketch. They give "PERFECT HAPPINESS" to all busy walkers and dancers plus "GORGEOUS LUXURIOUS NEW LOOK". Those desiring "PERFECT ENJOYMENT" in daily walking excursions should come to Mode Elite to try on a pair of "HAYMAKERS" the wonder casual worn by millions of America's busy executives and important nurses. Sold exclusively by "BONNIE TELLER" N.Y. at US\$15; offered exclusively by MODE ELITE at \$90 including import charges.

**MODE ELITE**  
22, Queen's Road C. Tel: 24082.

Printed and published by WILLIAM ALICK GREENMAN, for and on behalf of South China Morning Post Limited at 1-3 Wyndham Street, City of Victoria, in the Colony of Hongkong.